

EDWARD VII  
ENGLAND'S  
KING DEAD

Fatal Attack of Old  
Throat Trouble.

DID NOT LINGER LONG

A Couple of Days After He Was  
Taken Down the End Came.

GEORGE V. WIELDS SCEPTER

Son of the Late King Will Be Fifth  
of Name to Ascend Throne.

London, May 7.—Full of honors, but not yet full of years, Edward VII., one of the greatest kings that ever sat upon the English throne, has followed England's greatest queen to the grave after a reign of but little more than nine years.

THE MOTHER'S PROBLEM

Of Raising Strong, Healthy Girls.  
A serious problem which presents itself to every mother with girls to raise, in these days. The exigencies of school life, the hurry and routine of every-day duties, the artificial environment of modern civilization, make it more difficult to raise strong, healthy girls than ever in the history of the world. Boys raise themselves. Give them room, give them liberty, and they will grow up healthy at least, without much worrying. But the girls present a serious problem. How many mothers there are who are worrying about their daughters. Nervous, puny girls, with poor, capricious appetites, bloodless, listless, a constant anxiety to the mother. How shall she solve her problem? To whom shall she turn for help? Each case is more or less a study by itself, and cannot be solved by any general rule. This is the way one mother solved the problem. Mrs. Schopfer, 5920 Prescott Ave., St. Louis, Mo., in a letter to Dr. Hartman, says: "My daughter Alice, four years of age, was a puny, sickly, ailing child since she was born. I was always doctoring her. When we commenced to use Peruna she grew strong and well."

Another mother, Mrs. Martha Moss, R. F. D. 5, Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin, says: "Our little eight-year-old girl had a bad cough, and was in a general run-down condition." She had several doctors, who could give the child no relief, and the mother no encouragement. Finally, she got a bottle of Peruna and commenced giving it to the child, and it proved to be just what she needed. When she commenced taking Peruna the child had to be carried. Now the mother says she is playing around all the time. Her closing words were: "You have done a great deal for her. She is the only girl we have, and it meant lots to us to have her cured."

These are samples of many letters which Dr. Hartman is receiving, coming straight from the hearts of loving mothers. While the different schools of medicine are bickering and differing as to theories and remedies, Peruna goes right steadily on giving permanent relief. After all, it is cures that the people want. Theories are of little account.



KING EDWARD VII.

When he came to the throne there was a natural tendency on the part of the nation to look back and wonder whether the high level which had been gradually reached and sustained in public and national life during his mother's long reign would be further maintained. The nation today gives a



QUEEN ALEXANDRA.

verdict which leaves no doubt of its favorable opinion. His touching declaration when he took the oath before the privy council that he desired and intended to rule wisely has been made good and the genuine sorrow with which his loss is deplored is a tribute to his subjects' recognition of the fact that they and the world will long remember his work for peace among the nations and the striking results he achieved therein by his tact and bonhomie.

Far more than his mother, he was intimately associated with the social life of the country without neglecting the immense demands made on his energy by business of state, and it is not too much to say that no English king had ever a deeper hold on the affections of his subjects. His loss to the nation at the moment of a serious constitutional crisis awakes the boding fears of all who have the welfare and dignity of Great Britain at heart. His vast knowledge of men, his singular

(Continued on page 2, column 4)

REPORT OF FIRE CHIEF.

Shows That There Were Four Fires In Seymour In April.

According to the report of W. S. Everhart, chief of the fire department, submitted to the Board of Public Safety last night, there were four fires in the city during the month of April. The total loss is estimated at \$1,235.

Chief Everhart also reported that the wheels of the hose wagon needed repairing, but stated that the company that sold it to the city had given a guarantee covering the material and workmanship. He said the wheels had evidently been made of green timber as the spokes were frequently becoming loose, and thought that the company should make the guarantee good. It is said that the manufacturers of the wagon were informed some time ago that the workmanship was not satisfactory, and they requested that the wheels be returned so that they could be examined. The council told the company that this could not be done, and the council was authorized to have the necessary repairs made, the expense of which was paid by the manufacturers.

The city clerk, John Havenschild, was instructed to write the company and see what terms could be made.

Country Club.

The May committee of the Country Club have arranged for a social evening next Monday at the club house. All members are requested to be present, as a very pleasant evening has been arranged. Members who desire to go in the hack may leave word at Andrews-Schwenk Drug Company and the hacks will call at their homes.

"The blood is the life." If your blood is impure, sluggish, too thin or too thick, you can't be getting the most out of life. Let Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea make your blood right—make life more worth the living. Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

ON GREEN CARPET

City Police Force Given Instructions  
By Board of Public Safety.

The entire police force was called before the Board of Public Safety Friday evening and given some very positive instructions as to how the work of that department should be conducted. It is said that the "calling" was the result of several complaints which have been filed during the past few months.

The night policemen were informed last night that they should give the routes to which they are assigned closer attention, and hereafter each officer will be held responsible for the law violations which occur in his district while he is on duty. According to the rules of the police department the city is divided into two districts, one north and one south of the B. & O. S-W. railroad tracks, and to each of these sections one officer is assigned. It is reported that for some time the officers have not patrolled these districts as regularly as they should according to their orders from the chief of police. Under the instructions as given last night, the police will endeavor to report at the police station once every hour, so that calls which come into the office can be answered more quickly.

The policemen were requested to read carefully the penal ordinances of the city that they may know of all ordinances. The members of the board of safety said that there were many laws which should be more rigidly enforced for the benefit of the citizens.

One law to which especial attention was called was that regulating the speed of automobiles in the city limits. According to the law upon this subject, a machine may be driven at a speed not exceeding eight miles an hour in the business districts and twelve miles an hour in the residential districts. The councilmen stated, however, that the speed was very low and thought that a machine should be allowed to travel at a reasonable speed, but the policemen were instructed to arrest any driver who went through the city at an excessive rate of speed.

Warning is also given to the owners of bicycles, who persist in riding on the sidewalks and using their wheels after dark without having them equipped with a lamp as required by the city ordinance. The police were instructed to watch closely for such violations and, if necessary, arrest the guilty parties.

Another nuisance which is to be abated, according to the instructions of the board of safety, is the congregating of boys and men on the streets. The members of the board of safety stated that this was not allowed in other cities and it must be discontinued here. The police were informed of several places they are to watch in particular, where men and boys almost daily congregate, much to the annoyance of the citizens.

The policemen were informed that there must be more activity in the department, and even intimated that if the present officers could not perform the work to the satisfaction of the council, men would be employed who could do so. The officers were instructed to be courteous and polite at all times, but at the same time to be firm in enforcing the law.

The members of the board of public safety believe that the work of the police department can be improved and it was with this end in view that the instructions were offered last night. The chief of police was given to understand that he had control of the policemen and that they were responsible to him for their actions while on duty.

The police are also to give their attention to the conduct of the Majestic opera house when a play or public meeting is



Adds Heathful Qualities  
to the Food  
Economizes Flour,  
Butter and Eggs

ROYAL  
BAKING POWDER

The only baking powder  
made from Royal Grape Cream  
of Tartar  
No Alum—No Lime Phosphates

GEORGE V.  
Succeeds to England's Throne  
During a Time of Crisis.



NEW SWITCH BOARD.  
Has Been Installed at Uniontown  
Over 100 Subscribers.

The Mutual Telephone Company installed a new switch board at Uniontown to which 110 subscribers have connected. The telephone patrons that vicinity are desirous of having the best system possible and have been working with that end in view for some time. They have organized a telephone company, in which a number of the subscribers are interested, and it is believed that within a short many new phones will be connected.

The switch board was ordered several weeks ago, soon after the Seymour Home Telephone Company closed exchange, but the electrical company has been unable to fill the order as expected. The switch board which has been installed is of a late model, and will be replaced with a larger board as soon as the company ships it. The Uniontown system was merely connected with the switch board of the Home Telephone Company.

The Dudleytown Telephone Company which was also organized a short time ago, will install an up-to-date system. The trunk line from Dudleytown to Seymour has been completed and the switch board there will be installed during next week. This company is also curing a large number of subscribers than was expected.

Hollister's Docky Mountain Tea is "that tired feeling." Puts life and energy into the weakened. If your back and limbs get tired, begoggled, thoughts come slowly, you're subject to dizzy spells, a package of this wonderful medicine. Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

Sunday, May 8, is Mother's Day. Every person should wear—  
"A white flower for mother dear—  
A bright flower for mother living."

Springer, the barber, sharpens scissors.

GO TO  
LOUISVILLE  
FOR  
Ringling Bros.  
Circus  
Saturday, May 14  
Excursion Rate  
Via  
Indianapolis and Louisville  
Traction Co.  
Tickets Good Returning on Any

RUSTIC  
"The Clay Baker"  
(Selig)  
SONG  
"Every Body's Happy When  
The Moon Shines"

House  
Cleaning  
Brighten Your Furniture With  
Stay Bright Polish  
25c and 50c per bottle.  
For Floor and All Interior Work use  
No Fault Varnish  
A Brush Free with Every  
Quart or More  
PHONE YOUR WANTS  
Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.  
Registered Pharmacists  
Phone No. 633

CURTAIN  
STRETCHER  
Our Kind Makes  
the Work a Snap  
Prices Much Lower Than  
the Old Kind—Our Price  
85c to \$1.00  
Carpet Beaters  
Good, Strong, Only  
TEN CENTS  
The Fair Store

DREAMLAND  
TONIGHT  
"CLYCLONE PETE'S  
MATRIMONY" (Comedy)  
Illustrated Song  
"Busy Little Cupid"  
By Miss Lois Reynolds.  
Specials For Saturday:  
1 gallon Syrup - - - 29c  
1-2 gallon Syrup - - - 15c  
Red Rose Flour - - - 65c  
Strawberries, pineapples,  
grapefruit, oranges, bananas, etc.  
Green vegetables of all kinds.  
MAY 7. Both fell on way from  
church was injured.

For Sale  
7 Room House  
On Indianapolis Avenue  
Will net eight per cent.  
on investment  
Price \$1400  
FRED EVERBACK  
AGENCY COMPANY  
Office over Milhouse Drug Store  
murder in the second degree.

NICKEL  
TONIGHT  
"The Merry Widow Takes  
Another Partner"  
(Vitaphone Comedy)  
Illustrated Song  
"LITTLE MISS GOLDEN CURLS"  
By Miss Anna E. Carter  
THERE IS  
NOTHING  
That will spoil your watch  
quicker than old, rancid oil.  
Before it is ruined  
have it cleaned by  
Albert Meseke  
Expert Watch Repairer  
and Jeweler  
Room 4 Masonic Temple



# THE PASSING OF KING EDWARD IS MOURNED

## Brief Biography Of Dead Ruler.

### POPULAR SOVEREIGN

Edward VII Known As "First Gentleman of Europe."

### AS DEMOCRATIC MANNERS

Prince of Wales He Endeared Himself to People.

The death of King Edward VII. of England occurred just about a year after the first serious reports concerning his health had become current on both sides of the Atlantic. In the spring of 1919 he went to Biarritz, where he had been gone before. But after he had been there a little while the word came out this time that his step was longer elastic, that he kept much himself, permitting no one outside his suite to dine with him except George Kepple, and that for the



DUCHESS OF FIFE.

At the time he had gone to Biarritz, not on a holiday, but by direction of his physicians, who were concerned over his health. However, the king returned to London in due time and so as the world has been allowed to know, had a normal year thereafter. In spring he went again to Biarritz. Again reports came out from there that his health was far from good. The reports received were confirmed when the king abandoned his announced purpose to go with Queen Alexandra on a fishing cruise in the Mediterranean, the return from which it was said he had purposed paying with the queen a return visit to King Manuel of Portugal. The next news after the king had returned back to London was on May 5, when it was announced that he was unable to go to the station to meet the queen on her return from a visit on the continent.

#### Edward the Tactful.

King Edward on the throne of England did not merely fulfill the expectations often voiced in the realm during long years as heir apparent; he belied in his services as monarch the ideas that were based on his engaging personality, his sense of the dignity of kingship, from which he never permitted a lapse even in his most democratic moments, and his wide experience in public affairs and general sound sense. In his short reign of little more than nine years he set his stamp on the face of Europe and in a general way on the affairs of the world. Although the constitutional sovereign of Great Britain has less power than the president of the United States, Edward's tactful activity, large views and keen interest in public matters, brought new alliances of friendship and of policy and made peace where there was actual friction and where war was often looked for. He did this with the intense satisfaction not only of his own people, but of the greater part of the world.

Were the titles of earlier centuries popular, he might go down to history as Edward the Peacemaker, or he might be known as Edward the Tactful. He turned the traditional enmity of France toward England into something like a real friendly understanding. He brought about better relations between Spain and France and between France and Italy. He won the friendship of Italy, never seeking to diminish the might of England, he aided in his peace mission by the personal popularity he maintained in his travels as Prince of Wales. He often expanded the use once applied to George IV., and to Edward-Albert Edward as then was—as "The first gentleman of Europe."

#### Revivified the Court.

One of the modern of kings in his close attention to the "business" of royalty or

of reigning, he yet at his coronation gave London a spectacle of such traditional magnificence that its splendor was described as verging on what the modern democrats like to call "barbaric." He brought back a life to the English court which his reclusive mother in the long years of her widowhood never permitted it to attain, and he gave London a livelier note after the official year of mourning for Queen Victoria was ended.

The queen died at Osborne, Isle of Wight, on Jan. 22, 1901, at half-past six in the evening, and Edward took the oath the next day before the privy council and was proclaimed king. His coronation was set for the early part of the summer of 1902, when the London season was at its height and all preparations were made for it. London was thronged with visitors. Westminster Abbey was turned over for the occasion to the custody of the earl marshal of England, the Duke of Norfolk. It was so transformed by the decorators that the devoted Dean Bradley exclaimed: "It is not the abbey, it's a circus, a circus."

At the last minute, almost, the announcement was made that the king's health, which had been poor for some little time, would not permit the festivities planned and the coronation was postponed until Aug. 9. The king had appendicitis. He had to undergo the usual operation and he came within an ace of dying.

#### Preparation For Kingship.

The "Roaring Royal Boy," as Punch in glee and triumph dubbed the future king on his first appearance at Buckingham palace on Nov. 9, 1841, was the first sovereign of the house of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, his father, Prince Albert, having been only prince consort to Queen Victoria. As is pretty generally known, the king all his life spoke English with a German accent. He equally spoke German with an English one. The nation was greatly concerned over his early education. It was finally determined that it should be put under the direction of the Rev. Henry Mildred Birch. When he began to study he was already Prince of Wales, the title having been conferred on him when he was only four weeks old. When the prince was ten years old Mr. Birch was succeeded by Frederick W. Gibbs, who continued in superintendence for several years. After a continental tour which he took immediately upon his legal coming of age at eighteen years, the prince settled down to a serious course of study at Edinburgh, and England complained that he was being over-educated and that life was being made too serious for him. Later he went to Oxford and listened to lectures for a year, after which he matriculated at Cambridge and was in residence there for three years.

Queen Victoria had been asked to visit Canada after the Crimean war but she sent the prince instead in 1860. When he had concluded his official duties in Canada the prince resumed the incognito of his first European tour and visited the United States as Baron Renfrew. He visited Detroit, Chicago and St. Louis, participated in a prairie hunt, went to Washington, paid a visit to Mt. Vernon, went on to Richmond, and then to New York.

The next year Albert Edward met the Princess Alexandra, daughter of the heir designate to the throne of Denmark, and they fell in love, the romantic match meeting the great approval of the English people. They were married on March 10, 1863, a few months later, the prince being at that time so romantic that he had serenaded his betrothed often during the courtship. The princess's father, the late Christian IX., had in the mean time ascended the Danish throne.

The new Princess of Wales immediately won the heart of the English nation, mainly by her attitude toward the people themselves. Their affection for her increased later through a sympathy which they felt for her when they believed that the prince's gallantries had caused her sore grief. This affection she has always had as princess and as queen. In 1869 the prince and princess visited Egypt and Greece, where the princess's brother is king. The year after their return the prince had an attack of typhoid fever which caused great anxiety. On Jan. 14, 1871, he was pronounced out of danger, and on Feb. 27 there was a national thanksgiving for his recovery. In 1875 he went to India, against loud opposition to such a "jaunt at the public expense," but after his four-months' visit his intercourse with the native magnates had been found to be productive of so much good that the people at home fell to rejoicing again and gave him a rousing reception on his return. Many times the prince went in enthusiastically for the promotion of various charitable enterprises, and he was instrumental in bringing to success the Indian exhibition in 1886. In 1890 Sir William Gordon Cumming summoned the prince as a witness in his suit against various persons for slander in having said that he had cheated at cards at a time when the prince was banker. The game was baccarat. The prince testified that in his opinion the charge against Sir William was well founded and the jury found a verdict accordingly. The whole episode caused great scandal in England and throughout the world.

Twice he won the de-

a great patron of the stage. His tastes were catholic, and in his democracy he used to enjoy much as prince to ride about London in hansom cabs, although he had a splendid stable that took \$125,000 a year and the work of forty men to keep up. As a yachtsman he was known everywhere. He followed the news of the world always and spoke German, French, Italian and Russian besides English. His fondness for handsome women is too well known to require more than mention. He was the chief Free Mason. He was elected grand master of the Free Masons in England in 1874, and the next year was installed as first principal of the Royal Arch Free Masons. He originated the Royal College of Music and established a fund for the study of cancer and the search for its cure. He



DUKE OF FIFE.

was godfather to more than a hundred babies. Emperor William made him a field marshal of the German army. He had decorations, orders and military titles from every monarchy in the world.

Edward was king of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the British possessions beyond the sea, defender of the faith, emperor of India, field marshal, honorary admiral, honorary colonel of the cavalry of the guard, colonel in chief of the Tenth regiment of hussars and of the First and Second Life Guards, the Grenadier, Coldstream, Scots, Irish and Royal Horse Guards, sovereign of the Order of the Garter, Knight of the Order of St. Andrew and of the Orders of the Annunciation, the Elephant, the Black Eagle, the Golden Fleece, and many more.

#### The New King.

The king had six children. His eldest son, Prince Albert Victor of Wales, Duke of Clarence, died in 1892. His second, George, Duke of York, married his dead brother's fiancée, the Princess Victoria Mary of Teck. He was born on June 3, 1865, and was married July 6, 1893. As Prince George of Wales he was a most popular "Sailor Prince" in the navy, with which he served, and among the people. His popularity was vastly greater than that of his older brother, who had been popularly known as "Collars and Cuffs." From the time of becoming heir apparent, however, the Duke of York's popularity fell off. From the jolly sailor prince he became cold, so cold that he was caricatured in London music halls, and in the audiences there would be cries of "After the Prince of Wales, ice water, ice water." Some say he was only shy. Within the last three or four years, however, the prince has undergone another change and his popularity has seemed to be returning.

The king's other children were Princess Louise Victoria Alexandra Dagmar, born in 1867, married in 1889 to the Duke of Fife; Princess Victoria Alexandra Olga Mary, born in 1868; Princess Maud Charlotte Mary Victoria, born in 1869, married in 1896 to Prince Charles of Denmark, and Prince Alexander John Charles Albert, who was born April 6, 1871, and died the next day.

The Prince of Wales, who now becomes king, and his wife traveled around the world in 1900 as the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York. They went through the British colonies and got an enthusiastic reception everywhere. The children of this marriage are Prince Edward Albert Christian George Andrew Patrick David, born June 23, 1894; Prince Albert Frederick Arthur George, born Dec. 14, 1895, and Princess Victoria Alexandra Alice Mary, born April 25, 1897.

#### Trick With an Egg.

This is a very simple way to make an egg stand on end. Before attempting to do the trick place a pinch of salt on the white tablecloth in front of your place or wherever you wish to stand the egg, and it will not be noticed on the white tablecloth. After this has been attempted by others, place the egg in the pinch of salt, and you will be able to stand it on end as long as you please on the salt, as the small particles grip the egg and prevent it from falling. This is a splendid impromptu trick for a dinner table.

#### Conundrums.

When is a doctor most annoyed? When he is out of patients.  
Why is a poor acquaintance better than a rich one? A friend in need is a friend indeed.  
Why is a man's face shaved in winter like a celebrated fur? Because it

## EDWARD VII. ENGLAND'S KING IS DEAD.

(Continued from first page)

insight into affairs and his incomparable judgment were assets which the nation could ill afford to lose.

It may well be that the burden of anxiety in this connection hastened his end. As Victoria's last hours were crowded by the dark shadow of the South African war, so King Edward in his closing days was harassed by a fierce constitutional conflict which he bequeathed for solution to a young man far less acquainted than his father with matters of state.

The king breathed his last at 11:45 Friday night in the presence of her majesty Queen Alexandra, the Prince and Princess of Wales, the princesses royal, the Duchess of Fife, Princess Victoria, and Princess Louise, duchess of Argyll. As no official announcement was posted outside the palace or declaration made, the waiting crowd was for some time in ignorance that the end had come. The Prince and Princess of Wales and nearly all the other members of the royal family left the palace within half an hour of the king's death and the people interpreted this as a hopeful sign. It was not until the reporters, who had been officially notified by Lord Knollys, the king's private secretary, had passed the word around that the watchers knew that all was over.

Notwithstanding the grave bulletins that had been issued, the news fell heavily on the anxious crowd, who had hoped against hope. They received the tidings with every manifestation of keen regret. The news reached the public over the tickers just as the theater supper crowds were leaving the restaurants. Silence fell upon the crowds who went sorrowfully home.

London was anxious all day. The sudden news of the king's grave illness came as a blow, because his majesty was reported to have returned from Biarritz in fair health. All day crowds loitered about Buckingham palace and the Mansion House in the city, where the physicians' bulletins were displayed.

Financial London was gravely interested in the startling news of the king's condition. London had been experiencing a gigantic stock boom. The public, after having kept their purses tied up tightly since the Boer war, began pouring out millions in the purchase of Rubber shares. News of the king's illness shocked the financial district and disarranged the plans of financiers. The effect upon business in London will be grave. It will give a sharp halt to all speculative enterprises, while it will destroy the social season that has just opened with a promise of unusual brilliancy.

#### A Restless Patient.

The king was always a difficult patient for his physicians to manage. Thursday morning and afternoon he was exceedingly restless and insisted on getting out of bed and partially dressing. The physicians could not induce him to withdraw his mind from considering the affairs of state. He often petulantly observed that he was unable to rest because he could not withdraw his mind from consideration of the political situation.

"I cannot rest," his majesty exclaimed several times, "because I am thinking of these terrible political situations. I cannot stop in bed. I must be up."

For some time before death the king was unconscious, lying in a comatose state.

The king passed a fairly quiet night. Early in the morning the members of his and the queen's suite were hopeful the day would bring a favorable turn to his illness. Early visitors to the palace were informed that he was making fair progress, but when later the physicians made an examination of the illustrious patient, it became quickly apparent that his condition was verging upon critical. The king had insisted upon rising from bed and dressing, and he received the physicians sitting in a chair.

The actual complaint from which his majesty suffered was an asthmatic cardiac affection, and as usual in such cases, oxygen had been administered to him at intervals since Thursday night. The medical examination was first directed toward possible complications in the throat. It had been feared that an operation would be necessary, but these fears were groundless. The general condition of his majesty was such, however, that the gravest fears were entertained by his doctors, and this they indicated in a bulletin at 10:30.

There is no doubt that the king caught the chill which developed so fatally during his week end visit at Sandringham for the purpose of inspecting the changes which had been made in the house and grounds of his Norfolk home.

Announcement of the death was immediately transmitted to the ministry of foreign affairs and to the home office. The special staff of the foreign office flashed the intelligence to the British embassies throughout the world and to the chiefs of the colonial government. The only one of the king's children who was not present at the deathbed was his daughter, the queen of Norway, who started for London last night and will arrive Sunday. The Duke of Connaught, the king's brother, with his wife, was also absent. The Duchess of Connaught arrived at Suez yesterday, returning from a hunting trip to the Nairobi country, Africa, which was recently hunted over by Colonel Roosevelt.

#### Fact.

no cook, make

## GEORGE THE FIFTH

It Is Thus That the New King of England Will Be Known.

George Frederick Ernest Albert, prince of Wales and earl of Chester, duke of Cornwall, earl of Dublin, duke of York, earl of Inverness and Baron Killarney, who by the death of Edward VII., becomes king of England, presumably as George V., was born at Marlborough House, London, on June 3, 1865. He was the second son of the late king, his elder brother, Duke of Clarence, having been born in November, 1863. With his brother, the then heir apparent to the throne, he received his early education at Marlborough House and at Sandringham.

When he was fourteen years old, with his brother Clarence, he made a famous three-years' tour around the world, their royal highnesses being regularly enrolled on the training ship Britannia as cadets. After the educational tour was over Prince George was regularly made a lieutenant in the navy. Clarence then took up his studies in the University of Cambridge, but Prince George continued his career as a naval officer, and in 1890 commanded a gunboat in the British navy. In 1892 he was made a post



THE NEW QUEEN MAY

captain and also received the title of Duke of York. While a lieutenant Prince George sailed on the Thunderer to the Mediterranean, where the ship was laid up at Malta for three months for repairs. It was during his Malta visit that Prince George met the daughter of a British naval officer with whom it is generally believed he contracted a marriage which, though regularly solemnized by an ordained clergyman, was not a legal marriage under the act of parliament passed early in the last century regulating the marriage of persons of the blood royal. As the Duke of Clarence was then living, and indeed engaged to be wedded to Princess Mary of Teck, this irregular marriage of Prince George did not create much sensation, as it was assumed that the marriage of the Duke of Clarence would provide a further direct heir to the British throne. But a month before the date fixed for the marriage of the Duke of Clarence, he died. This made the Duke of York the heir apparent, and then the status of his alliance with the "Lady of Malta," as the woman concerned was generally referred to, became a matter of much importance. No question was involved as to the claims of her children—it was generally believed that there were children by this illegal marriage—as the woman was not of a rank to entitle her legally to claim to be the wife of the Duke of York.

Trouble arose, however, when the Duke of York did not readily fall in with the plan of Queen Victoria that he should marry Princess May of Teck. Rumor had it at the time that the Duke of York asked the advisers of the court to have his Malta marriage legalized by parliament. The wishes of Queen Victoria, which were shared by the then Princess of Wales, prevailed, and in May, 1893, his engagement to the Princess Mary was announced and their marriage took place July 6 in the chapel royal, St. James. Princess Mary, the new queen, was born in Kensington palace May 26, 1867. The English people generally speak of her as the Princess May. She is her husband's cousin both on her father's and mother's side. Queen Victoria arranged while the Princess Mary was a baby for her marriage with the Duke of Clarence, and the young princess was educated as future queen of England. She developed some talent as an artist and her paintings have been privately exhibited and praised.

The children of the new king are: Edward, born June 23, 1894; Albert, Dec. 14, 1895; Mary, April 25, 1897; Henry, March 31, 1900; George, Dec. 20, 1902, and John, July 12, 1905.

#### Riddle and Solution.

I have a mouth, but no teeth. I rise every day and yet do not leave my bed. I have no money and yet make bank deposits. I am often ruffled and crossed, but never lose my temper. I can run, but cannot walk. I can reflect, but cannot speak, yet rarely keep still. Answer—A river.

#### Interesting Facts.

Cats came into England before the Norman conquest.

The eyes of a chameleon move independently of each other.

The Russians do not allow any one to enter or leave their country without a passport.

Some of Australia's aborigines dine heartily on butterflies, millions of which they devour every year.

## BEWARE OF SORGHUM FRAUDS

Government Calls Attention to Misrepresentations by Seed Sellers.

The United States department of agriculture recently issued two bulletins relating to sorghum—a bulletin on "The History and Distribution of Sorghum" and a circular for free distribution on "Three Much Misrepresented Sorghums." The object of the latter is to set the people right concerning some mistakes and misrepresentations.

Recently an Oklahoma man has been selling at 50 cents a pound seed grain of what he calls "California wheat," which he declares will produce 200 to 400 bushels per acre. The department shows that this is a variety of sorghum known as shallu, which, after a thorough test a few years ago, proved only about half as productive as Kaffir corn. It is also inferior as a forage crop.

The second of these "misrepresented sorghums" is a so called "chocolate corn," accounts of which have appeared in the press at different times. The department announces that it never had any seed of "chocolate corn" for distribution and that the plants which have sometimes received that name were simply varieties of sorghum, probably in most cases the Early Amber sorgho.

The sale of sorghum seed in the south, under the name of Texas seeded ribbon cane, by certain seedsmen has led to much confusion and disappointment. The use of the term "ribbon cane" is the cause of the trouble, since this is the popular name for the sugar cane of the south, which does not bear seed. The impression spread by advertisers of this seed was that they were offering a variety of the sugar cane which would produce seed, and there was a large demand for this seed, which, in fact, was nothing more than "goose neck" sorghum. The demand eventually exhausted the supply of seed, and the seedsmen began filling orders with other sorghum seed. The fraud was promptly exposed by the department of agriculture, but the sale of this seed continues. The department urges that the name "seeded ribbon cane" be discontinued because it is misleading.

#### Cornflowers For Beauty.

Now is the time to plan for beautifying the farmer's front yard, not to speak of the back yard. Among the flowers adaptable to use as ornaments there is the humble but nevertheless beautiful cornflower, which, if grown in beds, makes a rich riot of color. It



CORNFLOWERS.

grows in great profusion. It is a wild flower, making its own way in grainfields. There are several species, such as the wild poppy and the bluebottle. The latter is the Centaurea cyanus, botanically speaking, and is especially commended for cultivation as a garden beautifier. Bacon in his natural history wrote:

"There be certain cornflowers which come seldom or never in other places unless they be set, but only amongst corn, as the bluebottle, a kind of yellow marygold, wild poppy and fumitory."

Bacon's quaint description should impel many farmers to find the bluebottle and "set" it where it will flourish for its own sake.

#### Go Slow on Ginseng.

My advice to those thinking of venturing in ginseng culture is to go slow and not expect too great returns, writes Mrs. D. B. Phillips in the Rural New Yorker. It requires five or six years to grow a marketable root, yet when a bed is once started and bearing seed the plants may be produced in any number. My own ginseng is growing in its natural environment, some of it not even transplanted. I searched the woods and brought home all the plants to be found, buying the small plants with green tops from the ginseng hunters for a cent each. I have several hundred plants ranging in size from a rye straw to a good sized parsnip. A number of bunches found near the house in the forest were left standing and the others planted near about. While I have no hope of ever becoming a millionaire, I think I have a pretty fair thing of it. Anyway, I am out no money. When seeds ripen I stir up the soil with a hoe and plant them near the parent stalk, then lay brush over the bed and leave them alone. Sometimes after twelve or fifteen months there will be three tiny leaves showing up, still capped by the seed shell. In gathering the wild ginseng the best roots were found where the soil was loose and moist on top, with a hard clay bed underneath.



# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

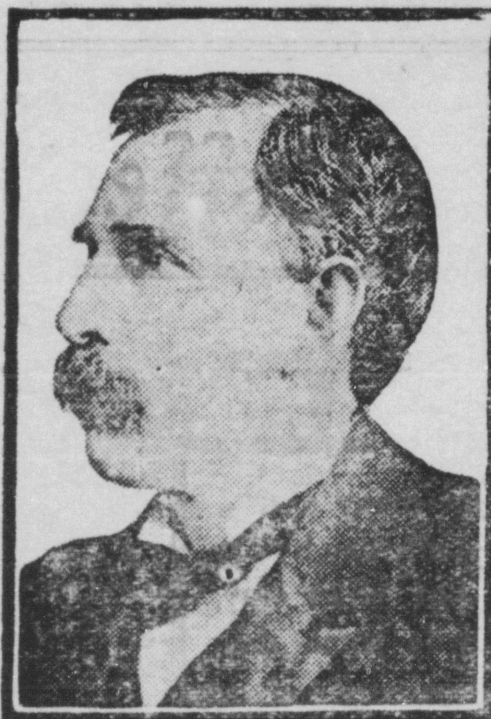
**GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS**  
Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher.*  
**The Kind You Have Always Bought**  
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

### W. S. TAYLOR

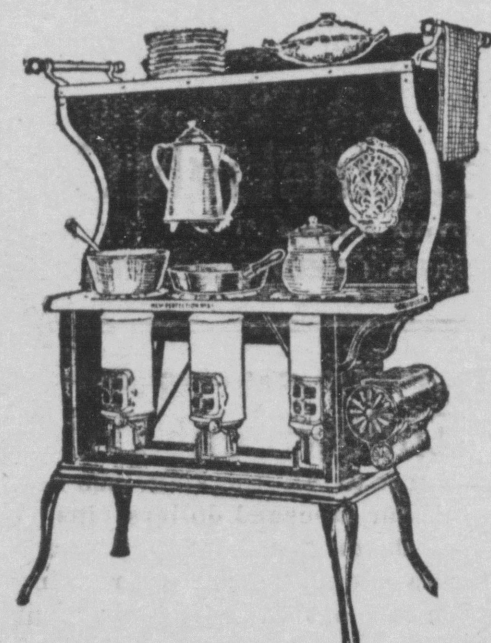
Ex-Governor of Kentucky, Who May Break Voluntary Exile.



### UNION COMPLAINS

President Taft the Subject of Formal Charges.

Cincinnati, May 6.—Formal charges made by the National Steam Shovelers' union against President Taft have reached the headquarters of the union in this city. The president is an honorary member of the steam shovelers' union. The charges are based on the president's failure to observe the boycott against the Cleveland baseball team. The team is under the union ban because non-union men are said to have been employed in constructing



some of the advantages in using the

## New Perfection WICK BLUE FLAME Oil Cook-stove

It has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot. Drop shelves for the coffee pot or saucepans, and nicked towel racks.

It has long turquoise-blue enamel chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove very attractive and invites cleanliness. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

**CAUTIONARY NOTE:** Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "NEW PERFECTION." Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

**Standard Oil Company**  
(Incorporated)

its new park. Nevertheless Taft attended the game between the Cleveland team and the Browns at St. Louis Wednesday. Action by the executive board of the union is not expected in this case for several days.

### FORT WAYNE THE HOST

Indiana Traveling Men Holding Convention There Today.

Ft. Wayne, Ind., May 6.—From more than 200 business buildings in the downtown section of the city the white and blue of the organization in flag and emblem and bunting decoration, flares out Ft. Wayne's welcome to the annual state convention of the Indiana division of the Travelers' Protective association, which opened in this city today.

Six hundred traveling salesmen who carry "grips" and sample cases over Indiana and expatiate on the merit of their particular variety of wares are in the city for two days of relaxation as the guests of Post A, which has made elaborate preparations to entertain them.

### SAY THEY ARE STARVING

Illinois Miners Resist the Invasion of Strike Breakers.

Greys, Ga., May 6.—A mob of 200 white men stormed the jail at this place expecting to lynch four negroes who were under arrest on suspicion of having attacked Mrs. S. H. Sams, wife of a planter. The sheriff had learned that a mob was forming and put the prisoners in an automobile and hurried them to Macon. When the would-be lynchers found the negroes were gone they set fire to four negro churches, several lodgerooms and schoolhouses. The mob also burned the homes of the four negroes suspected of attacking Mrs. Sams.

## No Heat Except Where Needed

Dishes hot—food well cooked—kitchen cool. No underdone food—no overheated kitchen in summer. Everything hot when wanted. Heat under perfect control and concentrated.

The blue flame is all heat—no smoke—no odor—no dirt. These are

## IS TAYLOR TO BREAK EXILE?

It Is Said That He Will Go Back to Kentucky

### TO BOOST FOR CALEB POWERS

The Announcement That Former Governor W. S. Taylor Will Leave His Indiana Haven and Return to Kentucky on a Mission in Behalf of Caleb Powers's Candidacy Has Created a Wave of Interest in Two States.

Somerset, Ky., May 6.—It is announced here that former Governor W. S. Taylor will come from his home at Indianapolis and stump this district in the interest of Caleb Powers's candidacy for the Republican nomination for congress. If Taylor should come here to help Powers, as it is said he has promised to do, it would be the first time he has entered the state since Governor William Goebel was killed on the capitol grounds in Frankfort in 1900.

The primary that is to decide whether Caleb Powers or D. C. Edwards shall be the nominee of the Republican party is to be held on Sept. 15, and it is given out that between now and that date Governor Taylor will be here and make a number of speeches for the former.

Charles Kinley, who was state treasurer in the Taylor administration, is already on the stump for Powers and is delivering stirring speeches at every county seat in the district.

## CROSS EXAMINATION PROMISES SENSATION

Secretary Ballinger Makes No Effort to Conceal Feeling.

Washington, May 6.—When the direct examination of Secretary Ballinger was concluded and a sharp cross-examination by Louis D. Brandeis, counsel for L. R. Glavis, was begun the climax of interest in the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation was reached. George W. Pepper, attorney for former Forester Gifford Pinchot, will take up the cross-examination when Mr. Brandeis is through, and it is probable that Mr. Ballinger will be subjected to this fire for three or four days.

In rounding out his direct testimony Ballinger again declared his innocence of any official irregularity or impropriety, defied his detractors, renewed his charge of conspiracy, asserted the forest service had wasted over \$700,000 in administering the Menominee Indian reservation, said he had remained silent under attack at the direction of President Taft, and read a letter from the president, heretofore unpublished, written last September, in which the president had expressed his earnest desire to handle matters so that both Ballinger and Pinchot might continue in the public service.

On cross-examination Mr. Brandeis forced Mr. Ballinger to appeal to the committee to support his refusal to answer questions as to the specific reason certain interior department appointments were ordered referred to Postmaster General Hitchcock, and brought out an admission that Mr. Ballinger had been in error on his direct testimony in stating that the first knowledge that he had of the Glavis charges was when he received the president's letter on Aug. 28, 1908. Mr. Brandeis also developed the fact that there was a disposition among minor officials of the interior department to eliminate from the service all who do not accept the president's findings in the matter of the Glavis charges as final. Altogether Attorney Brandeis showed such accurate knowledge of Mr. Ballinger's movements in the early part of September that Senator Root was moved to inquire whether he (Brandeis) had had detectives shadowing the secretary of the interior. Mr. Brandeis said he had not had a detective on the trail of Mr. Ballinger, and offered to explain how he had acquired his information, but Root waived an explanation. The committee voted, 6 to 5, that Mr. Ballinger should not be required to answer the question as to further specific reasons for the reference of the interior appointment to Postmaster General Hitchcock. McCall and Madison voted with three Democratic members.

Secretary Ballinger made no effort to conceal the bitterness of his feeling toward Messrs. Brandeis, Glavis, Pinchot, Garfield and others, and the magazines and newspapers that have attacked him, and it was apparent that the cross-examination is capable of producing some sensational situations. Twice in the course of the examination Mr. Ballinger nominated former Secretary Garfield for membership in the Ananias club.

### Another Speedway Wreck.

Indianapolis, May 6.—In a 200-mile race at the speedway John Attkin ran into the fence on the forty-ninth mile and wrecked the car, throwing himself and his mechanic about thirty-five feet. Both fell on soft earth and neither was injured.

### GERALDINE FARRAR

Whose Voice Softened Hearts of Southern Convicts.



## UNCLE SAM IS GOING AFTER "JIM" PATTEN

Named As Principal Defendant In Cotton Pool Case.

New York, May 6.—The federal authorities have brought a new proceeding against the alleged pool in May cotton, naming this time as the principal defendant, James A. Patten. Though the supposed head of the alleged pool, Mr. Patten's name was not included in the subpoenas served in accordance with the original grand jury investigation. F. B. Hayne and W. B. Brown were the only defendants mentioned in that proceeding. The subpoena, many copies of which have been served, is entitled "The United States against James A. Patten and others." The man who gained celebrity or notoriety by wheat deals in Chicago is thus brought formally into the case.

An entirely new figure in the prosecution is C. W. Johnson of Charlotte, N. C. The subpoena commands everyone served with it to bring all the records relating to transactions in cotton with this person. Just how he fits into the contest no one in the cotton trade would or could say, but it was recalled that the original allegations charged that the cotton bulls had conspired with southern spinners and it was conjectured that Mr. Johnson might be considered the representative of the spinners between the cotton bulls and those southern spinners with whom they are alleged to have conspired to withhold cotton from the market and artificially advance its price.

The form of the subpoena is unusual. Instead of the short form ordinarily used, Mr. Wickersham's men have prepared a four-page printed form containing the most explicit directions to the men served in regard to the production of records.

### DIDN'T MAKE A HIT

Roosevelt's Address on Peace Apparently Felt Flat.

Christiania, May 6.—Roosevelt's address on peace here apparently did not make a great hit. The first impression conveyed by such hearing was that the eager anticipation here was disappointed. The 1,800 people who heard the address were to all appearance little struck, and were never really stirred. It was to be noted that when the vice president of the Nobelers Lund conveyed the committee's thanks to Roosevelt he did not refer to the address itself so far as its more or less salient features were concerned, while the king, who joined in the applause after the address and speech of thanks, did not join in the occasional applause which punctuated the delivery. In short the address did not seem to hold the hearers.

### Strike Breaker Seriously Injured.

Vincennes, Ind., May 6.—Fred Marlin, a strike-breaker, is lying in the Good Samaritan hospital seriously injured, being the first victim of the streetcar strike in the city. Marlin was taking his car to the barns when someone threw a stone and struck him on the head, knocking him from his car. His skull is fractured and it is very doubtful if he recovers. The man who threw the stone, supposed to be a striker, escaped.

### Woman Convicted of Murder.

Jeffersonville, Ind., May 6.—The jury which tried Susie Woodward, colored, for the murder of William Long, a negro, whom she shot through the heart, April 3, found the woman guilty of murder in the second degree.

## A NEW LEAD IN BRIBERY PROBE

Conspiracy Charge May Be Laid Against Legislature.

### WORK OF SPECIAL GRAND JURY

It Is Said That State's Attorney Wayman and His Aids Are Working to Involve in an Alleged Conspiracy Net a Number of Illinois Legislators Against Whom Suspicion Has Been Directed in the Lorimer Scandal.

Chicago, May 6.—When Representative R. E. Wilson of Chicago, who is involved in the bribery charges, was escorted to the witness room, a sensational turn in the big legislative scandal developed. Like fire the rumor spread about the criminal court room that State's Attorney Wayman and his aids are working to involve in an alleged conspiracy net a number of legislators. Indictments on such a charge are expected to be the outcome of the probe now on before the special grand jury. Wilson is the man Representative Charles A. White accuses in his startling confession in the Chicago Tribune of having paid him (White) in St. Louis \$900 of a "jackpot" corruption fund which White charged existed in his narrative printed in the Chicago Tribune. White declares the money he received was paid outside the state, and the only charge that could be lodged against Wilson is one of conspiracy, it is asserted.

Representative H. J. C. Beckmeyer or Carlisle added a sensational development by making to the special grand jury a confession that corroborates in all essential details the story of Representative White, that he received \$1,000 for voting for William Lorimer for United States senator, and that later he got \$900 as his share of a general corruption fund of "jackpot." Beckmeyer, who was accused by White of being in St. Louis the day the "jackpot" was split, broke down and told the special jurors that he had received money for voting for Lorimer and had been given a dividend from the general slush fund, the amount he was given in each instance being the same as that White confesses to having received.

Another startling development was the revelation that the prosecutor is making a systematic canvass of the financial standing of members of the general assembly who voted for William Lorimer for United States senator. Representative J. Edward Forst of Chicago accompanied Mr. Wilson to the court building and carried with him his bankbook and exhibited it to an assistant state's attorney. Mr. Forst had given this information to reporters before Assistant State's Attorney Marshall cautioned him not to tell anything to the newspapers. Representative Sheppard was taken to Mr. Marshall's room and while he remained inside a detective stood outside the door and no one was permitted to enter. The fact that Sheppard was taken before the inquisitors the second time gave cause for the rumor that he is being grilled in the hope that a "confession" may be forced if he has anything to tell of an indictable nature.

### Killed Wife and Himself.

St. Louis, May 6.—While three policemen stood at the door of the home of John Briscoe, Briscoe fired a shot from the house, killing his wife. He then barricaded himself in the house. When the police broke into the house they found Briscoe dead. He had shot himself through the heart.

### Ballonist Almost Frozen.

Paris, May 2.—Leblanc, the French aviator, attempting to cross the Pyrenees in a balloon, rose to a height of 2,500 metres in an attempt to escape a terrific snowstorm. He failed to do so and descended at the French frontier, almost frozen to death.

### "Immunity Bath" Ignored.

Crown Point, Ind., May 6.—Lincoln V. Craven, special judge, has ruled that the "immunity bath" given twenty-eight liquor sellers by Mayor Knotts at Gary on Jan. 27, did not constitute "previous jeopardy." The men are accused of running "blind pigs," and their attorneys argued that because they pleaded guilty and were fined they could not be tried on grand jury indictments for the same offense. They will now be tried in the circuit court.

### Woman Perishes in Flames.

Warsaw, Ind., May 6.—Mrs. James Dullinger of northeast of Warsaw was burned to death while alone in her home. Although every particle of clothing was burned from her body, the flames did not communicate to any article in the house. The cause of the tragedy is a mystery.

### Exonerated by Coroner's Jury.

San Francisco, May 6.—Owen Moran, the English lightweight, was exonerated by a coroner's jury of all responsibility for the death of Tommy McCarthy, the nineteen-year-old Frisco fighter who fractured his skull by a fall in the ring last Friday. Moran knocked out McCarthy with a blow on the jaw.

### Brazilian Timbers.

Brazil has many millions of acres of choice timber lands, including rosewood, mahogany and cedar.

## A MISSISSIPPI ENTHUSIASM

Mrs. Lena Gresham, of Clinton, Miss., Has a Few Facts to Tell Our Readers About Cardui.

Clinton, Miss.—"Thanks to Cardui writes Mrs. Lena Gresham, of this place, 'I have been greatly relieved.'"

"I suffered for three years from female inflammation, and had taken medicine from four different physicians without much benefit."

"I have received more benefit from seven bottles of Cardui, than from all the physicians."

Just try Cardui. That's all we ask. It speaks for itself. It has helped many thousands, it must be able to help you.

Trying Cardui won't hurt you. It is safe, harmless, gentle in action, and purely vegetable.

If you are weak, tired, down and out, try Cardui.

If you are sick, miserable, and suffer from womanly pains, like headache, backache, dragging feelings; pains in side, arms, legs, etc.—try Cardui.

It is the medicine for all women.

It is the tonic for you.

N. B.—Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chatanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper, on request.

## MEMBERS OF THE OLD GUARD DISSATISFIED

They Are Grumbling At Taft's Frequent Absence.

Washington, May 6.—Some of President Taft's friends in the senate are worrying over the outlook for administration railway bill are getting to try to dissuade him from leaving Washington next week. The president got back to the White House today and he is scheduled to leave again Monday morning for Passaic, N. J., where he will attend a banquet of board of trade. He will be back in Washington on Tuesday, but the afternoon he will leave for New York to attend the launching of the battleship Florida at the Brooklyn navy yard on the 12th.

The supporters of the Taft program of legislation in the senate have hesitancy about saying they will the strongest kind of co-operation, the president to pull out even a slight victory on the railroad bill and save the life of the Republican organization in that body.

Many of the Republican regulars have not attempted to conceal their dissatisfaction over the absence of president from Washington at critical period in the progress of legislative plan. At least two of said that they were going to the White House to urge Mr. Taft to give a trip to New York, and also his journey to New York later in the week.

The feeling of some of the regulars on this point was evidenced on floor of the senate when Senator of Maine, one of the foremost conservatives, made the absence of president the subject of a jest, drew smiles from the entire senate.

### A NOTRE DAME LADY'S APPEAL

To all knowing sufferers of rheumatism, or muscular or of the joints, sciatica, lumbago, backache, pains in the kidneys or muscles, to write to her for a home remedy which has repeatedly cured all of these troubles. She feels it her duty to send it to all who will. You cure yourself at home as the will testify—no change of climate being necessary. This simple discovery banishes pain from the blood, loosens the stiffened joints, gives the blood, and brightens the eyes, elasticity and tone to the whole system, above interests you, for proof address Mrs. M. Summers, Box B, Notre Dame, Ind.

## B. & O. S. W.

EXCURSION  
First of the Season  
VINCENNES

And Intermediate Points  
SUNDAY, MAY 6  
Special Train Leave  
Seymour at 9:55 a.m.

### ROUND TRIP RATES

Fort Ritner	...
Tunnelton	...
Mitchell	...
Shoals	...
Loogootee	...
Washington	...
Vincennes	...

Go and spend Sunday with your friends.

For further information  
B. & O. S. W. ticket office or  
E. MASSMAN,  
W. P. TOWNSEND, D. P.  
Vincennes, Ind.

GOLD MEDAL FLO



# Collegian

## The STYLE and the QUALITY

CONSIDER CAREFULLY the style and the quality of the garments you purchase; insist upon every feature of present-day fashion; and be sure that your garments are made of dependable materials through and through.

feature

## Adler's Collegian Clothes

Because we know we can only recommend these garments to our customers. They possess the style it is possible to put into clothes, and their quality is guaranteed by makers and by ourselves.

We are showing the latest fashions, and invite you to visit us, though they may come only to



## DOLPH STEINWEDEL CLOTHING CO.



## PENNSYLVANIA LINES Louisville 5c Excursion SUNDAY

We Do Printing That Pleases,

## Moseley & Moseley Estate and Farm Loans

## 4-U-BY

Watches and Jewelry or have repairing done see as E. HALEY, 14 St. Louis Ave. SEYMOUR, IND. Repairing a Specialty.

## MCKIN & SON, UNDERTAKERS.

## 4 MEDAL FLOUR

of their support—their constituents requiring it. Forty-two votes were all I needed. When I seemed sure of the nomination the brewers suddenly manifested a lively interest in the situation. It was proposed that the democrats, meeting in caucus, cast a secret ballot. I understood what that meant—pledged members of the Legislature could vote for the brewers' candidate, whoever he happened to be, and no one would know it. Eight men were purchased, and the secret ballot went through. I received thirty-six votes and Benjamin F. Shively, attorney for the brewers, was nominated. And yet there are forty-four men who will make affidavit today that they gave me their support. I can not prove bribery on any one, but I think I know the names of the eight men who were bought up."

That is a direct charge that eight members of the legislature sold out and the charge is made by Mr. Kern himself. Over in Illinois at this time the state is investigating a charge of bribery in connection with the election of a United States Senator in 1909. Is the charge made by Mr. Kern to be ignored by Governor Marshall and the Marion county prosecutor? When a man big enough to be his party's candidate for vice president makes so serious a charge against members of the legislature it is time to investigate.

It is not impossible—nay, even is it probable—that the foremost suffrage club of St. Louis, convened and organized by women, may elect a man as its next president.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Wonder how many of the suffragett will be candidates.

### TREASURER'S REPORT.

\$2,068.02 Expended By City During the Month of April.

—Receipts—	
Bal. on hand April 1, 1910	\$3,122.31
Miscellaneous receipts	2,001.00
Miscellaneous licenses	11.00
Interest on deposits	4.00
Dog license	3.00
Officers' fees	2.50
Total	\$5,143.81

—Disbursements—	
Street improvement	\$615.73
Light	461.44
Salary	388.29
Fire Department	280.65
Police Department	173.06
Garbage and Ashes	120.00
Printing and Advertising	27.80
Incidentals	23.15
Water	12.50
Contagious disease	8.00
Prisoners	6.40
Stationery and Postage	1.00
Total	\$2,068.02

Balance on hand May 1, 1910	\$3,075.79
Sewer fund	\$730.34
Special fund	815.99
General fund	1,529.46
Total	\$3,075.79

C. W. BURKHART, City Treasurer.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### CIRCUIT COURT.

Mutton Creek Ditch Case Decided in Favor of Petitioners.

The Mutton Creek ditch case, which occupied the attention of the court about a week during the last term, has been decided in favor of the petitioners and against the remonstrators.

The following cases which will attract more than usual attention are set down for trial next week:

State vs. Garry Preppy for selling intoxicating liquors without a license, set for Wednesday before a jury. In this case the defendant is charged with selling intoxicants in a soft drink stand.

State vs. Michael Mullen, set for Thursday, two charges, for selling intoxicating liquors without a license, in a so-called soft drink stand, and for keeping a gaming device.

State vs. Roller, charged with selling liquor to minors. On account of the youth of the defendant this case has been put down on the juvenile docket and will be heard by the court.

State vs. William Richards for gaming has been set for Friday before a jury.

Most of these cases come as a result of the recent blind tiger raids made at Brownstown and the verdict in these cases will determine largely the course to be taken in the other cases of a similar nature.

### THE UTMOST HARMONY

Marks Action of Republicans in Northern Indiana.

[Special Correspondence.]

Indianapolis, May 7.—The nomination by acclamation of Gus Grieger of Hanna as a Republican candidate for joint representative from Laporte and Porter counties places in the field a probable candidate for speaker of the next house of representatives. Mr. Grieger's nomination was brought about in the utmost harmony and with loud acclaim. He was instructed to vote for Senator Beveridge in 1911, and pledged himself to that vote in his speech accepting the nomination. Mr. Grieger is expected by his friends to become a foremost factor in the next speakership contest, and they will bend all their energies to the election of a Republican house, in order that Mr. Grieger may obtain deserved and desired recognition. Mr. Grieger was prominently mentioned as a possible nominee for a state office, but he declined to run, choosing rather to repeat his good record in the legislature. It is said that Grieger is assured of reelection next fall.

Jack Nolan, former mayor of Evansville, is on Governor Marshall's list of desirable citizens. It is intimated that Mr. Nolan is to have a \$4,000 job in the Marshall administration, probably as a tax commissioner. Does this explain why Vanderburg county gave part of its delegation to the Marshall plan for state convention indorsement of a Democratic senatorial candidate? It can be asserted with safety that Mr. Nolan would exert his influence, whatever it might be, in behalf of the governor. The executive admires Jack Nolan. If it is true that Mr. Nolan did use all his force to break into the airtight Taggart delegation in Vanderburg, getting a bunch of those delegates to assist in forcing through a senatorial selection, there will be a lot of interest in the outcome, and many people will keep an eye on Jack Nolan to see what he receives in the shape of reward for his work. The story is that Nolan was able to use some delegates because the delegates believed that it would be to Nolan's best interests to permit him to have his way. In any event, the forces that Nolan and his friends weaned away from Taggart in Evansville were strong enough to save the governor from entire humiliation, and enough to put a crimp in Taggart, the boss.

They are telling how Dekalb county, pledged solidly to vote with the Taggart people and against Governor Marshall on the senatorship matter, gave the Taggartites the double cross at the last and voted as a unit for the Marshall plan. Dekalb is in the Twelfth, where Steve Fleming put on the unit rule and sought to compel not only Dekalb, but part of Steuben to vote for Marshall's scheme. It is known that there was strong and serious revolt against the forcing process. But everything was smoothed out. How was it done? Steve Fleming, the Fort Wayne boss brewer, knows. The wise ones, who may or may not know the facts, declare that Steve Fleming has been assigned the pleasant task of reorganizing the oil inspection department of the state of Indiana. Sid Conger, oil inspector, is expected to hang onto his job until Jan. 1, next. That is, if he cannot be shaken loose, he will hold the place the rest of the year. It is said that Governor Marshall will turn the department over to Steve Fleming to be organized on Democratic political lines and after the peculiar Fleming method. If there is truth in this story, then it is not difficult to explain the occult and mysterious influences by means of which Fleming was able, at the last, to change Taggart votes into Marshall votes and rally a solid Twelfth district to do the will of the "Little Giant," rather than the best of the French Lick boss.

Looking back at the Democratic state convention, the observer of Indiana politics is struck by one solitary, if not lonesome, figure—the isolated and chagrined, humiliated and ignored Senator Ben Shively. St. Joseph county, where Senator Shively should have commanded absolutely, was lost to him and divided against him on the senatorial proposition. He was unable to control other counties in his district, the Thirteenth. His bitter foes at home rose and smote him shrewdly from the rear. He was foolish enough to rise in the convention and to speak against the scheme for indorsing a candidate for United States senator. His speech was received coldly and critically. The delegates went from Shively's advice and deliberately acted contrary to his expressed desires and arguments. Their action in favor of a senatorial nomination by state delegates not only was a slap in the face following his argument against the idea, but it was a direct rebuke aimed at the legislative caucus which elected Shively senator in 1909 under secret ballot pressure and by trick play. But that was not the worst.

Having ignored Shively's arguments against a senatorial indorsement, the delegates went on and nominated John W. Kern, the man of all men who had most cause to despise Shively and to denounce the secret ballot caucus of 1909. In Shively's humiliation was the triumph of Kern. Hollow as the Kern victory may turn out to be, there is no doubt whatever as to the bitterness of the dose administered to Shively and his tricky friends when Kern was chosen as a senatorial candidate. Shively was beaten at every turn and shamed by a majority of his party delegates in the most positive and public manner.

## SEYMOUR BUSINESS DIRECTORY

### CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

Building contracting, plumbing, heating and masonry. Will figure on any work wanted. W. A. Wylie. Phone 380. Residence, W. Broadway.

Buhner's Animal Fertilizer is a natural plant food and does not burn your crops. It will build humus in your soil. Humus will hold moisture. Acid fertilizer will sour your land and drive the humus out of the soil and burn your crops.

### FEED OF ALL KINDS.

Full line of feed and meal, Graham flour, buckwheat flour, rye flour. Will exchange wheat and corn for flour or meal. Deliver to all parts of city. G. H. Anderson.

ICE AT  
H. F. WHITE  
PHONE NO. 1

### INTERURBAN LUNCH ROOM.

Short orders a specialty. Fresh oysters served in any style. Home-made pies and baked beans. Candies and nuts of all kinds and the best coffee in town. Herman Chambers, Proprietor.

Last Call for Buckwheat Flour.  
Pure Butler County, (Pa.) Buckwheat flour. Two cents per pound.  
HODAPP HOMINY CO.

### LUMBER AND PLANING MILL.

Manufacturers of high grade mill work, veneered doors and interior finish. Dealers in Lumber Shingles, Lath Sash, Doors and Blinds. Established in 1855. The Travis Carter Co. Phone 75.

### MILLINERY.

Special sale on spring hats Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Our prices are the lowest in the city and our line the best. If you want to see the latest in spring millinery, come to our store.  
MRS. E. M. YOUNG.

### OWL CIGAR STORE

Sweet-Orr Overalls is the best garment on the market. They can be found at E. M. McElwaine's store on Indianapolis avenue.

### REYNOLDS' GROCERY.

Carson's Poultry Tonic and Pratt's Poultry Food for sale here. Staple and fancy groceries. Canned goods a specialty. Fruits and vegetables in season.  
W. H. REYNOLDS.

### SUCCESS FLOUR MILLS

Grind nothing but pure soft winter wheat, making the best flour for home use that can be made. Blush Milling Co. Daily output 1000 barrels.

### TAILOR BY TRADE.

For the best work go to a man who is always busy. Personal attention given to every garment. Call and see our line of spring and summer goods.  
14 E. Second St. A. Sciarra.

### Calling Cards.

Both printed and engraved. Latest styles. Correct sizes. Call at the  
DAILY REPUBLICAN.

We give this written guarantee with every Queen City Ring: "This is to certify that ring stamped Q-C purchased of T. M. Jackson is guaranteed to be solid gold and we guarantee to replace any sets free of charge except diamonds if lost in two years from date of sale."

## Black Cross Coffee

The best I've sipped for many a day,  
And the girl who will gladly day by day  
Brew my coffee just that way,  
Will surely be my wife some day.

## Brand's Grocery

## COOK WITH GAS

There never was a divorce between a woman and a GAS RANGE. There never will be. Don't let the heat regulate you. You regulate the heat when you Use a Gas Range.

Seymour Gas and Electric Light Co.  
15 South Chestnut Street

## The Indiana Life Endowment Co.

respectfully submits their plan of insurance to all thinking men and women. Two dollars a month pays for four thousand dollars, insuring both husband and wife. In case of death one hundred dollars funeral benefit is paid the survivor and a monthly pension ranging from \$18 to \$32. The pension is paid in case of total and permanent disability of either—you need not die to win. The individual \$3000 policy costs one dollar a month, the pension ranging from \$12 to \$20. We want to tell you more about it.

W. E. WELLER, General Agent  
312 East Second street  
Seymour, Indiana.

## RICHART HAS SHOES FOR ALL

Especially in nice Dress Shoes and Oxfords. We can guarantee satisfaction and good wear, and styles that cannot be beat. We carry a special line of farm shoes.

RICHART





## SHIRTS

We sure are showing the largest and most varied line of shirts ever shown in Seymour.

White plaited, hand laundered, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00.

White negligee coat shirts, \$1.00, \$1.50.

Neat fancy negligee shirts, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00.

Negligee shirts with french cuffs, \$1.50, \$1.75.

Soft shirts with attached collars, 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50.

Thirty styles of white, blue and fancy shirts, plain or plaited, at 50c.

Now is the time to supply yourself for the summer.

## THE HUB

WALL PAPER  
AT  
T.R. CARTER'S

## English Violets

A new and delightful Toilet Water, dainty as the flowers from which it is made. 75 cents the bottle.

Nyal Cream for the skin has pleased hundreds of customers. Imparts a velvet softness and transparency that no other similar preparation can do. Price 25 cents.

## Cox Pharmacy

Phone 100.

## SMOKE

## Rothkopf's 1910 CIGAR

Abreast of the Times

## THE Cigar of the Year

## KINDIG BROS.

## ARCHITECTS

AND GENERAL CONTRACTORS

Home Office W. 7th St. Phone No. 672. SEYMOUR, IND.

## SUDIE MILLS MATLOCK

Piano Teacher,

Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St. SEYMOUR, INDIANA.

## W.H. BURKLEY

REAL ESTATE  
INSURANCE  
and LOANS  
SEYMOUR, INDIANA

## BATHS

Take Turkish Salt-glow Baths for all kinds of Lung Trouble.

## ANLERT'S TURKISH BATH ROOMS

JACOB SPEAR JOHN HAGEL  
Carpenters-Contractors  
BUILDING and REPAIRING  
New work...hard wood floors a specialty  
SPEAR & HAGEL  
630 N. Chestnut St., Seymour, Ind.

## WANT ADVERTISING.

FOR SALE—Four-room cottage, 115 South Broadway; \$1,000. tf

FOR SALE—Cobs at Anderson's Elevator. tf

FOR SALE—Jersey milch cow. John Reddinger, Jr. tf

LOST—Black purse. Mrs. T. L. Carter. 114 S. Walnut street. m12d

WANTED.—Boarders for board and room. 207 Bruce. tf

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. 302 S. Walnut street. Heine Wieneke. m7d

WANTED.—Second-hand one-horse light delivery wagon. Geo. Schaefer. m10d

FOR SALE—A fine young bull. Stock poalagus and jersey. Inquire here. w&s-wkly

## Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Robert Blair, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

	Max.	Min.
May 7, 1910,	67	45

## Weather Indications.

Rain tonight. Sunday, partly cloudy.

## IMPROVEMENTS.

The carpenters are at work on the home of Mrs. A. A. Davison on North Chestnut street making a number of extensive improvements.

Peter Nichter is putting in a new concrete veranda at his residence on S. Vine street.

A. O. Moulder is having his residence repainted at 521 S. Walnut street. He is also having it repapered and decorated and refurnished in the interior.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

## PERSONAL.

Rev. J. M. Cross was in the city this morning.

Frank Thompson was here from Scipio Friday evening.

William Edwards was here from Kurtz Friday evening.

J. W. Kindred, of Kurtz, was in this city Friday evening.

James W. Cunningham was here from Brownstown this morning.

O. M. Foster, of Vernon township, was in the city this morning.

Captain Ralph Applewhite was here from Brownstown this morning.

Mrs. Louisa Farrell, of Greenwood, is the guest of Mrs. Zelma Leas.

Henry Clark, of Woodstock, was a passenger to Brownstown this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Liston Hill and son, of Logansport, are the guests of relatives here.

Ezra Whitecomb, of near Surprise, was transacting business in the city this morning.

Henry Aufderheide and daughter, Miss Frieda, have returned home from a visit in Holland.

Mrs. George Winkenhof and daughter and Mrs. C. H. Weithoff spent Friday in Louisville.

James E. Graves, of Nobb, was expected here today on a visit with his daughter, Mrs. Ed Royer.

Taylor Wilson and family, formerly of this place, are here from Louisville on a short visit with friends.

Mrs. A. E. Dunning, of Sunbright, Tenn., is visiting her cousins, Mrs. C. B. Cole and Mrs. Helen Laird.

S. G. Fitch, of Columbus, district deputy of the Modern Woodmen, was in the city a short time this morning.

Miss Sylvia Knowles and Miss Ruby Elwyn, of Moores Hill, were in the city yesterday en route to Franklin.

Mrs. W. I. Rogers has returned to her home in Carlisle after a visit with her son, Charles Roeger, and family.

Dr. Charles Murray, of Redding township, was in the city this morning and transacted business at this office.

E. J. Condon was here from Chicago today on business connected with the Seymour Gas and Electric Company.

Rev. Hayden H. Allen, pastor of the First M. E. church, has returned from a short visit with his parents at Sullivan.

Fred Vondelinger was here from Brownstown a short time this morning. He sold his home recently, but will not move yet for some time.

Tom Hays returned home Friday evening from a two days' business trip west of here in the interests of the Claypool & Fry Dry Goods Company.

James E. McCammon is here from Indianapolis, spending several days, the guest of his father-in-law, John L. Weaver, and other relatives.

Mrs. Clarissa Seed, of Lawrenceville, Ill.; Mrs. Lillie Gray, of Washington, and Miss Shera, of Indianapolis, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Anderson.

Walter McPheters, of Kent ky, a former resident of Salem, passed through the city yesterday en route to Columbus. He had just been to Salem to celebrate his eightieth birthday around his old haunts.

Mr. and Mrs. David Miller came up from Brownstown Friday afternoon and will visit relatives in the city till Monday, when they will take possession of the Baker farm on the Uniontown road, which they purchased recently.

Chas. Kendall went to Vallonia this morning and from there will go to Halesburg, in Washington county, to visit his niece, Mrs. Elizabeth Haley, who has been in very poor health for some time and was reported yesterday to be no better.

Harry Rodenburg, one of the local agents of the Prudential Insurance Company, went to Crothersville today to attend the funeral of his niece, Lennie Peters, who was burned to death there Thursday evening. The funeral occurred there this afternoon at two o'clock.

Dr. J. A. Sargent, of Indianapolis, formerly pastor of the First Methodist church in this city, was a southbound passenger Friday on the Pennsylvania line. Dr. Sargent is secretary of the Praeher's Aid Society of the Indiana Conference and was making a trip yesterday in the interest of the work.

## THE CHURCHES.

## First M. E. Church.

Preaching at 10:30 a. m., by the pastor. Men's meeting at 7:30 p. m. Dr. C. S. Woods, of Indianapolis, will be the speaker. Subject: "The Call of the Innocent." Don't fail to hear him. All other services at his usual hours.

Will you please do what you can to make tomorrow a good day in the church? Come and worship with us.

## First Baptist Church.

Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. In the evening our congregation will unite in the union meeting for men at the First M. E. church, and for women at the Presbyterian church. All are invited to attend these services.

Cheer up, maybe it won't be cloudy when you get up at 3 a. m. tomorrow morning to see the comet.

## The Lucky Number

Everybody Gets It at

## C. R. Hoffmann's Cash House

22 South Chestnut Street

Semi-Porcelain Dishes, Roger's Nic. Silver Table Knives, Forks, Spoons given away absolutely free

Come in and have it explained to you. Every customer inquiring gets a \$1.00 coupon gratis. Make your purchases of us and get your coupons

## MOTHER'S DAY

Will Be Observed in Many Places Tomorrow.

Sunday will be Mother's Day, and in many places appropriate exercises will be held. Miss Anna Jarvis is the founder of Mother's Day, which was inaugurated three years ago.

The Modern Woodmen of America will generally observe the day, in accordance with a Mother's Day proclamation, which was issued by A. R. Talbot, head consul of that order. The members of that lodge will wear a white carnation in honor of his mother and write her a letter tomorrow.

While the local order here will not have public exercises, the members will observe the day quietly in accordance with the proclamation.

At Crothersville the members of the Woodmen will hold a public ceremony, at which the Rev. Charles Rose will make the address. In many other places the Woodmen have arranged appropriate exercises.

Some time ago, F. O. Van Galder, the editor of the official magazine of the Woodmen, published a notice asking for a poem which would be appropriate to publish on Mother's Day. He expected to have about a dozen submitted, but before the time had expired for the receipt of them, he had over eleven hundred on file. About three hundred of the best of the poems were selected and printed in pamphlet form. Among those selected was one by Willard E. Wheeler, of this city, which is reproduced:

## Mother And The Glad Tomorrow.

Every heart that knows emotion  
Has some beauteous star ahead;  
Faith sinks not beneath the ocean  
Of despair, nor is it dead!  
Hopes of youth may burn to ashes  
In the flames of pain and sorrow,  
Through the gloom we see the flashes  
Of a dear, sweet, glad tomorrow.  
When I rise from out the dreary,  
Knowing that the wait shall cease,  
Flooding in my life so cheery  
Comes the hope of love and peace;  
And I cannot paint the story,  
Words to show you cannot borrow,  
How the rapture swells to glory  
In that dear, sweet, glad tomorrow.  
When that day with all its splendor,  
And its close, that blessed eve,  
Come to us, oh, sweet and tender  
Will our hearts meet and believe!  
And the pictures grow far sweeter  
As we peer through clouds of sorrow,  
Oh, the joy, the bliss to meet her  
On that dear, sweet, glad tomorrow!

## LEFT HIS HAT

Noah Brooks Escapes From Fish And Game Commissioners.

F. M. Ehlers and Jacob Sottong, the two fish and game commissioners who have been working in this locality for several days, landed another victim yesterday—and then they didn't land him. If the reports are true, they found Noah Brooks hunting a few miles northwest of Seymour and came upon him with a gun and four squirrels in his possession. The squirrels had been thrown behind a log and, after Brooks had been placed under arrest, Ehlers turned his man over to Sottong, while he went back to get the squirrels, only a few rods away. Sottong, who is a large and muscular fellow, was holding Brooks by the left arm when suddenly the prisoner struck the officer a severe blow in the stomach which, for a moment, stunned him. He relaxed his hold slightly, when the prisoner jerked loose and started to run away. The officers fired three or four shots after him as he ran and it is reported that probably one or more of them may have taken effect.

The prisoner made good his escape, and as far as can be learned had not been recaptured yet this afternoon. The officers got the gun and squirrels and also Brooks' hat as evidence that they were on a warm trail.

The officers are said to have been well armed, but Brooks, who is a small man weighing only about 140 pounds, took them at a disadvantage and so was enabled to gain his liberty.

## BOHALL JURY DISMISSED.

After Twenty-three Hours of Deliberation, the Jury Disagreed.

The jury in the Bohall murder case was dismissed this afternoon, having been unable to agree on a verdict, after twenty-three hours of deliberation.

It is said that the jurymen agreed that the defendant was guilty, but could not agree on the punishment which should be given. It is reported that nine of the jurymen were in favor of giving a sentence for man-slaughter, while three held out for murder in the second degree.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will clear the sour stomach, sweeten the breath and create a healthy appetite. They promote the flow of gastric juice, thereby inducing good digestion. Sold by all dealers.

## Twelve Dollars



Our Men's \$12 Suits are good Suits. You say how good? Well they are the best \$12 Suits we ever sold and that means they are the best Suits in town for the money.

THOMAS CLOTHING CO.

## What Your Tailor?



COPYRIGHT 1909 ED. V. PRICE &amp; CO.

## "SATISFACTION GUARANTEED"

is easy enough to promise, but the plan to buy your custom tailored clothes where they actually back it up with deeds instead of words.

When you have us on

Ed. V. Price & Co.

MERCHANT TAILORS CHICAGO

to make your Spring clothes as you want them you can rest assured that satisfaction will be yours beyond question, or you don't have to accept garments. Prices extremely moderate. Let us show you

## Dehler's Store



## PRESSING BUSINESS

It is a part of our business CLEAN & PRESS Men's Women's clothes. We also dyeing in a large variety of colors. We renovate your clothes and them look as good as new. not always appear well dressed. Our charges are so moderate will never MIND the outlay. door east Trac. Station. Phone

D. DiMatteo.

## A Special Bargain for a Few Days

A nice new 5-room cottage on Seventh street with a good gas ready in, for \$1,350.00. \$600.00 B & L Association can be assumed. See E. C. Bollinger at once. No. 5, office 186.

## CONGDON &amp; DUR

Fire, Tornado, Liability Accident and Sick Benefit INSURANCE Real Estate, Rental Agency Prompt Attention to All

## ELMER E. DUNN ARCHITECT

824-828 State Life Bldg. IN APOLIS. Branch Office Co

## H. LETT, M. D.

Veterinary Surgeon 111 W. Third St., SEYMOUR. Phones—New 613 and 614, Old

## A WATCH

Is a suitable present for a young lady. We have the latest small Chatelaine watches. The cases are attractive in design and from our excellent assortment you can select one that is just suited to your individual tastes.

Also we will be pleased to show you the new thin model gentlemen's watches.

We cordially invite your inspection.

J. G. LAUPUS, Jeweler



## WAS HARDLY RECOGNIZABLE

Use Defaces Railroad Bill  
Shockingly.

## WERE BLOW TO PRESIDENT

As Was the Measure Upon Which  
the Administration Had Centered Its  
Greatest Hopes, and It Comes Out of  
the Legislative Hopper All Tattered  
and Torn—The President Rallying  
His Drooping Forces.

Washington, May 7.—The administration railroad bill, hardly recognizable as the measure that was introduced by Representative Townsend, was defeated by the house in committee of the whole late yesterday afternoon. Agreement of the bill will come to a vote in the house itself next Tuesday, but the action in committee indicates the passage of the bill by the se.

Representative Adamson, minority member of the interstate commerce committee, served notice that when the bill comes up for final action on Tuesday he will move to recommit it, with instructions that the commerce committee be stricken out. This is one of the few important provisions in the bill as urged by the administration. The house followed the lead of the senate and eliminated the merger section of the bill on motion of Mr. Adamson by a vote of 131 to 8. The Democrats and the Republicans, strengthened by four regulars, voted solidly to drop the section.

Efforts to strike out Sections 13, 14 and 15 were voted down by substantial majorities. These sections provide for the capitalization of railroad corporations.

Short division of the amendment of the bill by Representative Mann of the interstate commerce committee, in a speech of the bill, providing that the amount of stocks and bonds of a new corporation shall not exceed the estimated value of the property of the reorganized corporation, secured to Mr. Mann also secured adoption of another amendment to the same section providing that the amount of stocks and bonds of another railroad corporation acquired under this section shall not be distributed unless the action is authorized by the interstate commerce committee.

While the house was making some progress with the railroad bill, President Taft was making plans with administration supporters in the senate to pressure to hear on some of the pending bills in that body.

The visit of two senate leaders to the White House the announcement made that Mr. Taft has decided to his engagement to go to New York next Thursday to attend the signing of the battleship Florida.

**THE NATIONAL GAME**

Are the Current Scores in the  
Three Big Leagues.

**The National League.**

R.H.E.	
Brooklyn	0 0 0 1 4 0 2 1 0—8 15 2
St. Louis	1 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 1—5 6 3
Chicago	0 0 1 0 5 0 0 0 0—6 5 1
Pittsburgh	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1 5 0
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2 8 1
Cincinnati	0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0—3 4 3
San Francisco	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 0 0
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# THE TRANSIT OF HALLEY'S COMET

**An Expert Astronomer's Statement of What We May Expect From the Visit of This Wonderful, Awe-Inspiring Celestial Monster to Our Skies.**

By **FREDERIC CAMPBELL, Sc. D.**  
[President of department of astronomy, Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences.]

**T**HE visit of Halley's comet to our skies is an event for which we have been waiting for thirty-seven years and more, for in 1873, when it had been retreating into the depths of space ever since its last preceding appearance in 1835, it was at last brought up "with a round turn" by the sun's attraction and compelled to start back.

While every mile of the way in withdrawing from the sun's light and heat it had equally withdrawn from its restraining power, yet even 500,000,000 miles beyond our farthest known planet that power was still real, though immensely reduced, and finally prevailed over the comet's momentum so that it was forced to turn back. It did it, like a runaway child, reluctantly, and, although with each mile of its return it has felt increase of attraction in the sun and has thus been obliged to quicken its pace steadily, it has nevertheless refused to rush straight to the sun's bosom. Still retaining a fragment of that original momentum with which it came into our system ages ago—no one knows from where—it has persistently

**The Earth Will Not Collide With Its Head, but Will Plunge Harmlessly Through Its Tail—Peculiar Radiance That May Be Seen in the Heavens.**

almost as eagerly rushing toward the comet, its speed being about 1,150 miles a minute. And though the two, on the 19th of April, were still 95,000,000 miles apart, the combined movement of earth and comet has been steadily filling up the great gap at the rate of forty-three miles per second, and the great events that are to follow the middle of May are consequently at hand.

That there will be no collision is as evident as that an elevated train may safely cross a surface road above or a subway beneath. When the comet crossed the earth's path early in March—for it is even now within our orbit—it was 15,000,000 miles above us, and when it will pass over the same, May 26, it will be 6,000,000 miles below us. Professor W. H. Pickering estimates that on the 18th of May we shall be 14,300,000 miles distant from the comet. From these figures a million or two may be clipped in the day or two following. The brilliancy, too, of the comet will be greatest on the 19th, no less than 6,966 times what it was when discovered by Professor Wolf.

But the 18th of May is the great day—the day of the transit and the day of the earth's plunge through the comet's tail. Nothing can transit the face of

sun's entire face. It would therefore seem that a remarkable phenomenon is at hand, very closely approaching an eclipse in character.

**Mass of Meteorites in Its Head.**

So it would be if the comet's head were solid, like the moon; but, though we are convinced that there is solid matter in it, being probably made up of a mass of meteorites held together by their mutual attraction, still we know it to be much more largely gaseous in its nature and shall have to wait and see whether it be sufficiently opaque to darken the sun or whether it is so transparent that the sun can shine right through it as though a thin cloud.

With a telescope having an object glass of fifteen inches in diameter a body of seventy miles in diameter at the distance of the comet would show black against the sun, and with higher power one of ten miles diameter would do the same. But it may be that those most favorably situated geographically will see just nothing at all. In all history there is but one recorded case of a comet transiting the sun's face, that of the great comet of 1882. When it reached the sun it disappeared entirely. And it seems likely, therefore, that in the present instance the sun will be darkened but little, if at all. Yet all comets are not alike, and some spectacle altogether unsuspected may present itself to the admiring gaze of all beholders.

Earth, comet and sun being in one perfectly straight line at the time of transit, were the comet's tail straight the earth would be involved in it at the same moment since it sweeps back from the sun into space, no matter which way the comet is traveling. But the tail is curved so that it will come sweeping upon the earth possibly a few hours later, and by that time the relations of the two bodies will so have changed by reason of their swift passing that we shall not pass through the middle of the tail, where it would measure at least 1,000,000 miles across, but through a portion where a smaller distance must be traversed in order to make our exit.

**The Question of Danger.**

The first question is, of course, that of danger. Will the earth and all things therein be destroyed, as the 30,000 inhabitants of St. Pierre were laid low in three minutes by the poisonous fumes of Mount Pelée? Our answer is that if the earth should graze the comet's head possibly its vapors would so fill our atmosphere that nothing could thereafter live. But at a point in the tail 14,000,000 miles from that head we are perfectly safe, as we should be indeed half or one-fourth that distance. The comet's tail is literally next to nothing. The little that it is will not affect our atmosphere in any unpleasant or harmful way. There is as much danger in a searchlight or a rainbow and infinitely more in the fumes of the chimneys and automobiles of a city. It is true that it is of a gaseous nature, but so extremely thin that the faintest stars can be seen through a million miles of its volume.

The next question pertains to the spectacle. If the transit may prove invisible, will the plunge through the tail prove equally so? It may, for in 1819 the earth went through a comet's tail without any one knowing it, and in 1861 it did the same, though it was remembered afterward that a strange aurora-like appearance had been observed at the time, a certain yellowness of sky, which was even thought worthy of record, though its connection with the comet had not been suspected. It is not unlikely that we shall have an experience somewhat like that. In the morning of May 18, before sunrise, the tail is likely to be seen extending from the eastern toward the western horizon. In the evening of the 19th, after sunset, the tail is likely to be seen extending from the western toward the eastern horizon, but late during the night of the 18th the entire heavens are likely to be seen carrying a faint and peculiar radiance, due to the fact that we are immersed hundreds of thousands of miles in the comet's tail. The chief thing to militate against the spectacle will be the moon, which that night is ten days old and will not set till 2:45 in the morning. But inasmuch as the peculiar sky radiance in 1861 was seen even in the daytime we may hope that fair Luna will be good enough, since she is generously granted half the nights of each month, not to spoil the marvels of so extraordinary an occasion as this.

When this great day of the comet has passed it will be seen for some time, night after night, in the western sky after sunset—first at about its largest, then rapidly growing smaller as it retreats into the depths of space and becomes once more invisible, not again to charm the eye, awaken the wonder and stir the awe of mankind until most of us have been long forgotten in our humble graves.

**NOVEL MOTORBOAT SHOW.**

**Craft to Be Exhibited in Water and Under Canvases.**

A novel motorboat show and water carnival under the direction of the Motorboat and Water Carnival association will be held on the pier and plaza at West Ninety-eighth street, New York, for one week, beginning on May 21.

The exhibits, many of which have already been arranged for, will be housed on the pier under canvases, and there will be three floats, 100 by 30 feet each, from which exhibitors may demonstrate their boats. There will be several days of racing on the Hudson, in which fast boats from most of the clubs on the river will compete for the prizes offered.

## WHEN ROOSEVELT COMES HOME

**Features of Welcoming Celebration to Former President.**

**BIG NAVAL AND LAND PARADE**

**Remarkable Demand For Tugboats by Greeting Parties Who Plan to Meet the Colonel at Sea—Ranchmen, Rough Riders, Military and Civic Societies Clamor For Places in the Parade.**

Down on the river front at New York city it was said the other day that there was an unprecedented demand for ocean going excursion boats for June 18, when Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, former president of the United States, returns from Europe.

Nearly every big organization—patriotic, political and social—in New York and scores from other cities, it is understood, have engaged or are trying to engage steamboats for June 18, and, though some of the railroads using boats on regular runs will charter them for the celebration, there are far from enough to go around at any price. Some of the greeting parties plan to go far to sea, and it is expected that there will be a race to be the first to meet Colonel Roosevelt's steamer.

Some of the organizations planning to meet Colonel Roosevelt, it was said, are negotiating for all sorts of noise making instruments, such as foghorns and whistles which can be heard at great distances. One organization, more ambitious than the rest, it was said, was trying to get a great sawmill whistle now in use in the northwest forests which can be heard twenty miles.

**Two Parades Planned.**

The plan of the celebration already has been decided to the extent that there is to be a big naval and land parade, the former as the colonel's ship comes up the bay and the latter after he lands. While it is not yet known whether any war vessels will go to New York to take part in the naval parade, there is talk of having Forts Hancock, Wadsworth and Hamilton salute Colonel Roosevelt as he comes up the bay.

Rough riders, military, civic and political organizations from all parts of the United States are almost begging for places in the land parade. Captain Arthur F. Cosby, secretary of the general reception committee, displayed recently a great batch of letters and telegrams from many of Colonel Roosevelt's old friends in the far west, some of them declaring that if a parade were held they would bring their own horses, all bedecked with new western saddles bought for the occasion, and make a showing which would stir up even New York.

William A. Campbell telegraphed to William Loeb, Jr., one of the special Roosevelt reception subcommittee men, from Omaha saying that 100 Omaha business men and stockmen from South Dakota, Nebraska and Wyoming insisted on coming to New York to meet Colonel Roosevelt and had determined to bring fifty horses.

"These men," he wired, "don't want to break in too strong or annoy your committee, but want to know if they can have any sort of recognition from the committee in charge, be permitted to ride in any parade or have representation at any of your functions. They are nonpartisan and nonsectarian friends of the distinguished ex-president from the west."

Colonel Zach Mulhall wrote also to Mr. Loeb from Oklahoma City, Okla., that he wanted to bring a lot of fine fellows such as the colonel would be proud of. He said:

**Many Ranchmen Eager to Come.**

"I would like to show my appreciation, love and admiration for Colonel Roosevelt at his homecoming and have in New York as an outfit of the west ranchmen from the different states mounted on the best horses of our kind ever produced in the great streets of New York. These men would be big, clean fellows, and Colonel Roosevelt would be proud of them. It would be my aim to cause New Yorkers to tip their hats to this delegation and would take such men from the west as have always been admirers of Mr. Roosevelt. I would have every man purchase the best new western saddle used in our country for the occasion."

He adds that between fifty and sixty men will come anyway.

J. Edwin Browne of Baltimore, national commander of the Army and Navy union, writes that the union is most anxious to take part in the reception to Colonel Roosevelt and has among its members 150 of the finest New York policemen, who would be proud to act as Colonel Roosevelt's guard of honor at the homecoming.

Civic and military organizations in New York city have been among the foremost to ask places in line. C. S. Busse has offered the rough riders of Company F, Seventh regiment, to act as escort. Herman Veller, centurion of the New York division of the Centurion Road club, which, he says, is the largest and oldest bicycle club in America, wants to put 200 men in line as a bicycle escort.

These are only a small part of the letters received by the committee either directly applying for places in line for organizations or making inquiry regarding the program with that end in view.

## TRIBUTES TO MARK TWAIN.

**Humorist's Countrymen Tell What His Death Means to Americans.**

When President Taft was informed of the death of Mr. Clemens he wrote personally this statement:

"Mark Twain gave pleasure—real intellectual enjoyment—to millions, and his works will continue to give such pleasure to millions yet to come. He never wrote a line that a father could not read to a daughter. His humor was American, but he was nearly as much appreciated by Englishmen and people of other countries as by his own countrymen. He has made an enduring part of American literature."

The death of Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) has meant to Americans everywhere and in all walks of life what the death of no other American could have meant. His personality and his humor have been an integral part of American life for so long that it has seemed almost impossible to realize an America without him. Something of this feeling is expressed in the tributes to his memory which, following hard upon his end, have come from all parts of the United States. Some of these tributes are printed below:

William Lyon Phelps, professor of English literature at Yale university: "The death of Mark Twain is a very great loss to American letters. I regarded him as our foremost representative in literature at the present day. 'Tom Sawyer' and 'Huckleberry Finn,' his two masterpieces, will live for many years as illustrative of a certain phase of American life."

Colonel Thomas Wentworth Higginson in Boston: "It is impossible to exaggerate the loss to the country."

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, now in her ninety-first year, in Boston: "The news of Mark Twain's death will be sad to many people. He was personally highly esteemed and much beloved, a man of letters with a very genuine gift of humor and of serious thought as well."

Hamlin Garland, novelist, in Chicago: "Mark Twain's death marks the exit of a literary man who was as distinctly American as Walt Whitman. The work of most writers could be produced in any country, but I think we as well as everybody in foreign lands will look upon Twain's work as being as closely related to this country as the Mississippi river itself. We who knew him personally hardly need to speak of him as a man, for all the world knew him. No one ever heard him speak without being inspired, and no one ever saw him without being proud of him."

George Ade, at Kentland, Ind.: "I read every line Twain wrote, for he was a kind of literary god to me. His influence has already worked itself into the literature of our day. We owe much of our cheerfulness, simplicity and hope to him."

Booth Tarkington, at Indianapolis: "He seemed to me the greatest prose writer we had, and beyond that a great man. His death is a national loss, but we have the consolation that he and his genius belonged to and were of us."

Charles Major, at Indianapolis: "He created a new school of humor, the purpose of which was not only to be funny, but to be true."

James Whitcomb Riley: "The world has lost not only a genius, but a man of striking character, of influence and of boundless resources. He knew the human heart, and he was sincere. He knew children, and this knowledge made him tender."

## NEW PATRIOTIC ORDER.

**Society of Colonial Descendants Organized in Washington.**

The Society of Colonial Descendants has been organized, with headquarters in Washington, and expects to have chapters all over the United States. Brigadier General Carl A. Woodruff, U. S. A., retired, is governor general, and Dr. Joseph G. C. Bulloch, a relative of Colonel Roosevelt, is deputy governor general. A permanent home, to be known as Colonial hall, will be erected in Washington.

Its objects are to preserve the spirit of the colonial fathers and mothers and to perpetuate the principles for which they stood. George Washington chapter of Washington has been formed for men. Martha Washington chapter is to be formed for women. The organization is after the style adopted by the Society of Mayflower Descendants.

## MONUMENT TO THE HOWES.

**Three Brothers, Inventors, to Be Honored in Their Birthplace.**

A \$3,000 monument, paid for with subscriptions from members of the Howe family in all parts of the United States, is to be unveiled in Spencer, Mass., on May 19, to commemorate the three brothers, who were inventors—Elias Howe, Jr.; William Howe and Tyler Howe, all of whom were born in Spencer.

Elias Howe invented the sewing machine, William Howe the truss bridge and Tyler Howe the spring bed. The formal exercises at the unveiling will include an address by Andrew S. Howe of Worcester, Mass.

**Legacies to Five Belles.**

The will of Julia Lord Taintor gives \$5,000 to Bacon academy and \$2,000 to the First Ecclesiastical society of Colchester, Conn., and bequeaths her personal property to the wives of her five brothers, who are named in the will as follows: Isabella Comstock (Joe's Belle), Isabella Ryan Taintor (Smith's Belle), Isabella Spencer (Jim's Belle), Annabelle Taintor (Ed's Belle) and Georgiana Taintor (Charlie's Belle).

## PEA VINES PROFITABLE.

**Some Farmers "Cure" and Sell Them as Hay or Silage.**

Every one is familiar with the story that the packing houses make their big profits from the byproducts, from the materials that formerly were considered absolute waste. Some people know that the skim milk and buttermilk from creameries form an important source of revenue when utilized for the fattening of hogs and stock. Few persons, however, realize that the pea canning industry has an important byproduct in the vines and hulls.

In the early history of pea canning the vines were treated as a waste product, the disposal of which involved considerable trouble and expense. Usually the vines were thrown out piles to rot and form a fertilizer, which was disposed of at small prices.

In recent years the pea vines have increased in importance until now the canning factories derive considerable profit from them. The vines are utilized for silage or fed to stock in fresh state or cured for hay. According to the United States department of agriculture, they make a silage superior in value to corn silage.

For silage purposes the vines must be preserved in silos, as green corn treated, or they may be put up, stacked in the open air. If the stacks are well constructed and tramped down they affect only the surface to a depth of a few inches.

For hay the pea vines are cured by spreading them out on a land to dry, and pea vine hay is considered as good as clover hay, a pound of from \$3 to \$5 per ton being realized at the factories for it. Both the hay and silage are excellent feeds for dairy cows and are satisfactory feeds for beef cattle, horses and sheep.

In some instances the vines are hauled away from the factory by farmers who supply the peas. Usually, however, the factories make use of pea vines to add to the profits of pea canning business.

## FARMER OWNS NATION.

**Crop Values Show Money Kings Not in Possession.**

The farmer, not the money king of Wall street, is the real owner of the United States. This is the opinion of Isaac F. Marcosson expressed in *Money's*. The glean of his fields is other Aladdin story, continues Marcosson, only instead of rubbing a lamp he has simply scraped ground.

Our cereal crops last year were worth \$3,000,000,000, which is a cent to pay for all the tools, implements and machinery of the whole American industry. While this seems huge as it stands alone, have only to go back a few years to the story of our agriculture to see the miracle of steady increase that has been achieved. Eleven years ago the value of all our farm products for a single year was reckoned at \$1,000,000,000. You have already seen that figure was doubled by 1909. During these years the sum total that the soil has yielded the farmers is \$600,000,000. The advance is so slow and sure that you can almost calculate upon it year by year.

Compare this record with the value and flow of earnings in steel and other industry, and you will realize as never before how agriculture is the even tenor of its prosperous unmindful of panic or depression. Why? Simply because land is so abundant, given proper methods of farming, the more you take out of it the more valuable it becomes. It cannot be moved away; it is, in truth, the foundation of the nation's material welfare. It would take \$24,000,000,000 to buy our farm lands, and their value is real and not watered, save by speculation.

## Increasing the Wheat Yield.

With the mastery of the laws of come knowledge of plant breeding now we breed fruits and grains as we do horses and dogs.

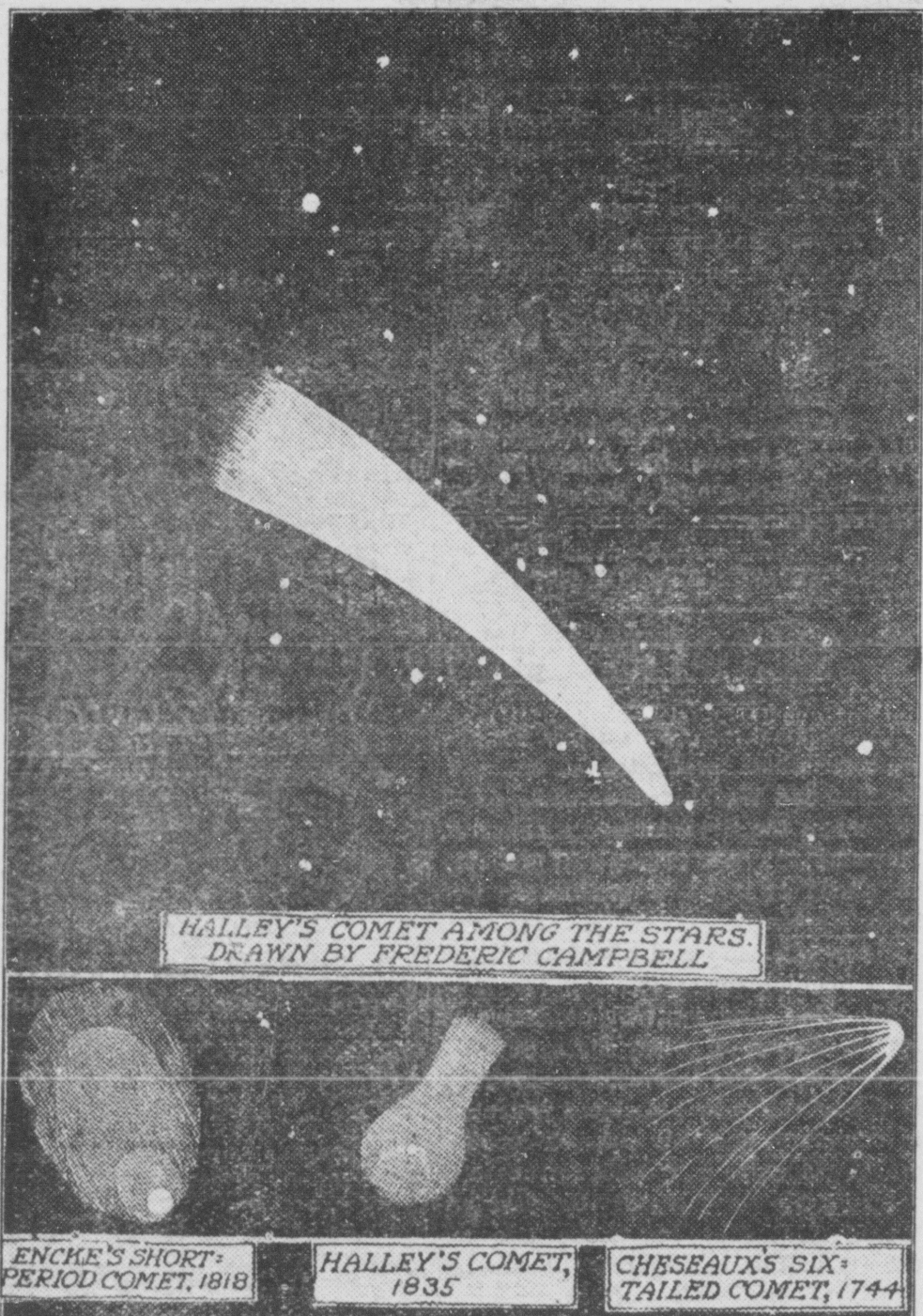
One incident will illustrate. Years ago a boy worked on an farm. He heard his father and friends talking about wheat falls they sat around the stove in winter. The boy began to study wheat and went to an agricultural college, later became a professor in an great farming school, the Minnesota Agricultural college, at St. Anthony. His name is Willet M. Mr. Hays said:

"The soil cannot be changed, it is seed can. Instead of yielding for bushels an acre, this state should produce twenty-five."

He began to grow different kinds of wheat. From a thousand kernels took one and then planted it. He fertilized other plants with pollen, and the result was a variety of wheat. One of these increased the yield in many sections the state from fifteen to twenty bushels an acre. In a single year added a small fortune to the wheat farmers.

## Successful Cherry Farm.

One of the most enthusiastic growers in Pennsylvania is A. J. of Mercer county. He cultivates on eight acres, mainly Earlymond, with some Morello and Duke. The crop is usually sold at \$500 to \$600 per acre. He has about twenty-five acres in mainly Baldwin, which he considers his most profitable variety. He values the Spy, Roman Beauty, western Greening and Fallwater crop last year was sold out of orchard at \$3 and \$3.25 per bushel. Thorough spraying is practiced to control insects and diseases. The soil is managed by the sod mulch



VIEW OF HALLEY'S COMET IN 1835 AND TWO OTHER CELESTIAL WONDERS.

compounded that force with the force of the sun's attraction, and the result is the beautiful curve of an ellipse.

Now, it is because of faithfully following the elliptical path that the comet will not drop into the sun's fiery depths and go up in a puff of gas. Instead it swings around that body at a safe distance of 54,009,600 miles at the nearest and then proceeds to withdraw into space on the opposite side of the ellipse. It is there that it is going to meet the earth; there that it will pass us, the two bodies going in opposite directions; there that it will come the nearest; there that it will appear the largest; there that it will shine the brightest; there that its head will transit the face of the sun; there that the earth will plunge headlong through its tail. We are therefore coming to the most important days of this cometary visit.

So well had the great astronomer royal, Sir Edmund Halley, and others learned the ways of this sky monster that Professor Max Wolf of Heidelberg, Germany, knew to just what quarter of the heavens to open his camera for the long exposure of Sept. 11 last. When, after hours of waiting, he again closed it and went into the dark room and developed his plate he knew that he had rediscovered Halley's comet, and so he telegraphed to all the principal observatories of the world. In a few days the astronomers saw it in their powerful glasses, and they have been following it ever since with an interval of a few weeks expected, when it passed the sun the last of March and removed from the evening to the morning sky.

**"Will Not Collide With the Earth."**

On the 19th of April the comet passed "perihelion," nearest the sun, was going its swiftest, 1,878 miles a minute, and determinedly rounding the curve to push on toward the earth, as if to drive straight into our orb and end all things for both bodies. At the same time the earth was coming around its curve in the opposite direction and

the moon unless it be a fleeting meteor, for the moon is the nearest celestial body. Only three bodies can transit the face of the sun—namely, the moon, thus causing an eclipse of the sun, and the inner planets Mercury and Venus. The last transit of Mercury occurred in November, 1907. The last transit of Venus was observed Dec. 8, 1882, and the next will be seen June 8, 2004, this entire century passing without that most interesting and significant phenomenon. But the head of the comet will transit the face of the sun on the 18th of May.

**Where the Transit May Be Seen.**

This is made possible by a remarkable combination of circumstances. For four months the comet has been north of the sun. On the very day that it passes it in going back from the morning to the evening sky it also passes south of the sun. This brings it directly across the sun's face. Professor See says that this will take place between 7 p. m. and 1 a. m., eastern time. Professor Pickering names 9 p. m., eastern time, as the hour. "Popular Astronomy" says that 11:19 p. m., eastern time, is the exact middle of the transit, but that it lasts in its entirety from 10:50 p. m. to 11:48 p. m. The center of the comet's head will pass about four or five minutes of arc above the center of the sun's disk, the diameter of the entire disk being thirty minutes.

Now, it is manifest that, vastly important as this event is, it will be entirely invisible to a large part of humanity by reason of the sun's being below the horizon at the hour named. France, England, Germany, Italy, Spain and all the eastern part of the United States will then be in the shadow of night. Only on our western borders is there hope that the transit may be witnessed, and in the Hawaiian Islands there is a much closer approach to certainty. Professor Barnard has estimated that the size of the comet's head as seen from the earth will be more than sufficient to cover the



## DRUGS AND MEDICINES

Prescriptions  
A Specialty

## GEORGE F. MEYER'S DRUG STORE

### "Will Go on Your Bond"

Will write any kind of  
INSURANCE

Clark B. Davis

LOANS NOTARY

## LEWIS & SWAILS LAWYERS SEYMOUR, INDIANA

## MEN'S MEETING

Dr. C. S. Woods, of Indianapolis,  
Will Make the Address.

Dr. C. S. Woods, of Indianapolis, will address the men of Seymour Sunday evening, at 7:30 o'clock, at the First M. E. church, upon the subject, "The Call of the Innocent." Dr. Woods is a strong man on the platform, and as he is well acquainted with his subject, an excellent address is assured. His address will be different from any which have been delivered at the Men's Meetings which have been held this winter.

Dr. Woods is recognized as a very able speaker, and delivers a large number of addresses before meetings of this nature each year. He was one of the two men chosen from Indianapolis this year to speak before the Men's Meeting in that city and was heard by over two thousand men. The other speaker chosen from Indianapolis was Albert J. Beveridge.

Dr. Woods will be the first representative of the medical profession who has addressed the meetings here. Two of the speakers, Lawrence McTurnan and Robert J. Ale, were educators and two, Chas. F. Remy and C. J. Orbison, were attorneys. Up to this time all of the speakers who have been secured here are residents of Indianapolis.

Special music has been prepared for the meeting Sunday evening, which will be another attractive feature besides the address. An excellent program will be given by the orchestra and the male choir.

These meetings are attended with much interest by the men of Seymour, who desire to make them a success. At first the meetings were tried as an experiment, but have met with such good success that they will undoubtedly be continued next winter. By co-operation many good speakers can be brought to Seymour, whose influence will be valuable to the men of this city.

At the same time the Men's Meeting is in progress at the Methodist church, a women's meeting will be held at the Presbyterian church. The address will be given by the pastor, the Rev. James Omelvena. Special music will also be arranged for this meeting.

Never hesitate about giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to children. It contains no opium or other narcotics and can be given with implicit confidence. As a quick cure for coughs and colds to which children are susceptible, it is unsurpassed. Sold by all dealers.

### Memorial Sermon.

The annual Memorial sermon will be preached Sunday morning, May 29, at ten o'clock, at the First M. E. church, by the pastor, the Rev. Hayden H. Allen. The member of the G. A. R. and the Relief Corps attend this service in a body.

John D. Rockefeller would go broke if he should spend his entire income trying to prepare better medicine than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, for diarrhoea, dysentery or bowel complaints. It is simply impossible, and so says every one that has used it. Sold by all dealers.

### Cutshall Acquitted.

Washington, Ind., May 6.—James Cutshall, charged with having attempted to murder Charles Farmer of Jassville at Montgomery last summer, was acquitted by a jury in the circuit court.

## HILDA THE HELPER

### IV.—She Sends News to the Paper

Hilda the Helper never let a single chance escape her a piece of "booming news" to get and SEND IT TO THE PAPER.

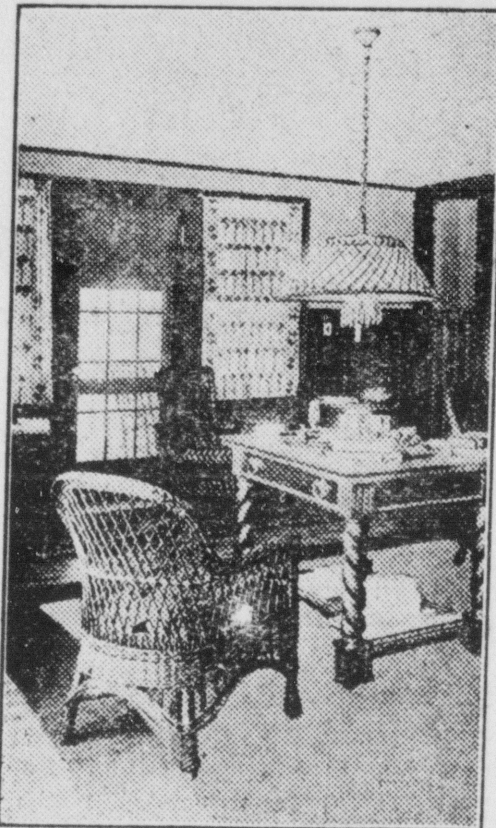


She never let a chance go by to boost the place; she'd grab it and poke it in the public eye—THE THING BECAME A HABIT.

Hilda the Helper helped herself and likewise all her neighbors to profit in the way of pelf by reason of her labors.

## SUMMER FURNISHINGS.

An Artistic Scheme  
For a Living Room.



THE LIVING ROOM.

If you are thinking of buying furniture for your summer cottage a peep at the illustration may offer some suggestions for an artistic and inexpensive scheme for the living room. To begin with the floor covering, a straw rug in a dull strong green with a border of a lighter tone in Greek key design is used. Such a rug is very durable and gives the best service for the money expended. The furniture, with the exception of the reading table, is of brown willow, and the lamp hung from the center of the room on wrought iron chains has a willow shade in lattice pattern. It is lined on the inside with pompeian red paper which throws a pretty, becoming glow about the room in the evening.

The shade is very effective and costs only \$2. The window hangings are of cream madras in cathedral glass design. The wall covering is the most elaborate part of the furnishing. A tannish brown grass cloth goes halfway up the wall space, with a frieze of dull green at the top stenciled with cattails and poppies. A picture molding of bamboo joins the two fabrics.

### To Wash Corsets.

First rip the front seam on both sides and take out the steels. Then dissolve some soap jelly, made by shredding half a pound of the best yellow soap in one quart of boiling water, and simmer until dissolved in warm water.

Two tablespoonfuls of jelly to half a gallon of water are usually sufficient, but very hard water may require more. Put the corsets into the suds and allow them to soak for five minutes. Then spread them on a board and brush thoroughly with a well soaped hairbrush, dipping them occasionally into the suds to remove the loosened dirt.

When quite clean rinse through two lots of warm water and hang up to drip dry. When almost dry iron on the inside with a warm flatiron and after thorough airing replace the front steels and sew them firmly in. If this is carefully done the corsets will emerge from the tub as good as new.

### The New French Collar.

For bringing a rather passe waist up to the minute in style nothing will serve the purpose better than the collar to be seen in the illustration. It is one of the newest trimming effects sent over recently from Paris and is very simple to copy. All that is needed is some cream batiste for the foundation, which is set with Irish lace. A design in eyelet effect is worked by hand about the entire emplacement, which in turn is edged with a ruffle of valenciennes lace. An embroidered strap holds the collar in position at the back and front.



ed is some cream batiste for the foundation, which is set with Irish lace. A design in eyelet effect is worked by hand about the entire emplacement, which in turn is edged with a ruffle of valenciennes lace. An embroidered strap holds the collar in position at the back and front.

### Transfer Patterns a Boon.

Transfer patterns that come by the yard and single ornament are a boon to the home embroiderer, as they save both time and money, for all that is necessary is to select the desired design and lay it on the goods to be decorated, then press with a warm iron. Matched patterns can be bought in many of the designs, such as these for panels, edging, collar, cuffs and yoke.

### Marking Lines.

First write the name with a common soft lead pencil, then mark over the pencil writing with the marking ink. The pencil will prevent the ink from spreading.

### Commander Julius A. Pratt Post No. 143 Dept. Ill. G. A. R.

Mr. Isaac Cook, Commander of above Post, Kewanee, Ill., writes: "For a long time I was bothered with backache and pains across my kidneys. About two months ago I started taking Foley Kidney Pills and soon saw they were doing just as claimed. I kept on taking them and now I am free from backache, and the painful bladder misery is all gone. I like Foley Kidney Pills so well that I told many of my friends and comrades about them and shall recommend them at every opportunity. Sold by all druggists.

### ADVERTISED LETTERS.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the postoffice at Seymour and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the dead letter office.

#### Ladies

Thelmo Edmons.  
Mrs. Hala Jones.  
Miss C. E. Nicholas.

#### Gents

Mr. John Georvys.  
Mr. C. A. Hampton.  
John Messick, Esq.  
Samuel W. Montgomery.  
Mr. Joe Williams.

May 1st, 1910.

EDWARD A REMY, P. M.

### Biliousness and Constipation.

For years I was troubled with biliousness and constipation, which made life miserable for me. My appetite failed me. I lost my usual force and vitality. Pepsin preparations and cathartics only made matters worse. I do not know where I should have been today had I not tried Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. The tablets relieve the ill feeling at once, strengthen the digestive functions, purify the stomach, liver and blood, helping the system to do its work naturally.—MRS. ROSA POTTS, Birmingham, Ala. These tablets are for sale by all dealers.

### Gets Claim In Dakota.

Frank P. Woodward was here from Bloomington Friday evening en route to South Dakota, where he was one of the lucky ones in the land drawing contest a few months ago. His claim will be located on the twenty-first of this month.

Mr. Woodward was a soldier in the Spanish-American war and as such had some advantage over other applicants for claims. A number of others in Seymour and community will get their claims located in June.

Insomnia leads to deranged digestion, nervous exhaustion—insanity even. Why suffer from sleeplessness? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea removes the cause. No poison in it—can't hurt. Purely vegetable, curative ingredients—must help, every time. Andrews-Schwenk Drug Co.

### Presbyterian Sunday School.

Special exercises will be held at the Presbyterian Sunday School tomorrow morning at 9:15. Among those who will take part in the program are: Helen Barnes, Helen Clark, Rebecca Dixon and Miss Frieda Aufderheide. As Sunday will be Mother's Day, all parents are urged to be present.

### White Eagle Degree Staff.

Will meet Tuesday night to complete arrangements for their uniforms. Every Red Man requested to be present.

Wm. Winkler, Secy.

### For More Than Three Decades.

Foley's Honey and Tar has been a household favorite for all ailments of the throat, chest and lungs. Contains no opiates and no harmful drugs. Sold by all druggists.

### Ringling Brothers Circus.

The Indianapolis & Louisville Traction Company have announced that they will give excursion rates to Louisville Saturday, May 14, on account of the Ringling Bros. circus, which will show there on that date.

The splendid work of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets is daily coming to light. No such grand remedy for liver and bowel troubles was ever known before. Thousands bless them for curing constipation, sick headache, biliousness, jaundice and indigestion. Sold by all dealers.

## BORN.

To Mr. and Mrs. Will A. Miller, of Tulsa, Okla., Wednesday, May 4, 1910, a son.

A touch of rheumatism, or a twinge of neuralgia, whatever the trouble is, Chamberlain's Liniment drives away the pain at once and cures the complaint quickly. First application gives relief. Sold by all dealers.

Walter Beck, Ed Elry, Wm. Thias, J. Berry and B. Deal each was the thirtieth person to receive a free hair cut at Sprenger's barber shop. Try your turn tonight. Be No. 30.

For a burn or scald apply Chamberlain's Salve. It will allay the pain almost instantly and quickly heal the injured parts. For sale by all dealers.

## DIED SUDDENLY.

Braxton Foist Dropped Dead At His Home In Redding Township.

Braxton Foist, a prominent farmer of Jackson county, died suddenly of heart failure about 5:30 o'clock Friday evening, at his home in Redding township. Mr. Foist, who was eighty years of age, was one of the oldest residents in the county and had many friends who regarded him with highest esteem and respect.

Mr. Foist had been in failing health for several months, but his condition was not considered serious by the members of his family. He had worked on his farm practically all day Friday, and as soon as he returned home in the evening he remarked to his wife that he was very tired and was suffering with an intense pain on his left side, which he believed was caused by his heart. After making this statement he went into another room, but returned to the kitchen in a few minutes, where his wife was preparing the evening meal. He sat down near the stove, and in a short time Mrs. Foist heard him breathe heavily. She noticed that he was leaning back against the wall, and started towards him, but he fell from the chair before she could reach him.

Mrs. Foist immediately called her son, Commodore, who lives but a short distance away, and he hastened to his father's home. As Mr. Foist lifted his father to place him on a bed he breathed lightly, but was apparently unconscious.

The deceased was born in Ohio, April 30, 1830. When he was quite young he moved to Redding township, where he has spent his life. He was married to Mary Jane Rockwell, also of this county, and to them were born nine children, seven of whom are living: James, of Indianapolis; Mrs. Eliza McKinsey, of North Vernon; Albert Otto, of near Seymour, and Harrison, John, Charles and Commodore, of Redding township.

Charles Foist was a member of the petit jury, which was trying the Bohall case, and as the jury was not dismissed until this afternoon, could not be home. He was informed of his father's death Friday evening, a short time after it occurred.

The funeral services will be held Saturday afternoon at two o'clock, at Redding, conducted by Elder Harley Jackson, of this city. Burial at Redding cemetery.

### COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.

Jackson, Redding and Washington Common Schools Will Be Held Here.

The commencement exercises for the common school graduates of Jackson, Redding and Washington townships will be held in the Seymour opera house on Thursday, May 26. There will probably be about twenty-two graduates; two from Washington township, three from Jackson township and about seventeen from Redding township.

The class address will be delivered by Dr. Robert J. Ale, State Superintendent of Public Instruction. Dr. Ale is one of the most prominent educators in our state, and this class of common school graduates is, indeed, fortunate in securing his services for the class address. Dr. Ale has made two addresses in this county recently, having addressed the Sunday afternoon men's meeting at the Central Christian church four weeks ago and delivered the class address at the commencement at Medora a day or two later.

An orchestra will furnish music and a large attendance is expected, both from the city and country. Trustee Steinwedel was at work today completing the arrangements for the commencement exercises.

### A Fine Spring Game.

When you have company a lovely game to play is flower spider web. This is played thus: In a nest are several small packages of flower seeds, and to each package is attached a cord of a different color. Each person is invited to choose a cord and follow where it will lead, for at the other end will be found the flower to which the seeds belong. The cords, of course, are carried in as intricate a manner as possible, under furniture and rugs, around table legs, in and out through balusters, up stairs and down, until finally each child will find a potted plant with paper frills or a bunch of the flowers appropriate to the seed. The blue cord led to forgetmenots, the white to the stock gillies, the red to carnations, yellow to daffodils, the green to mignonette, the lilac to violets, purple to pansies and the pink to primroses.

### What's the Answer?

Words containing five and six letters which can be expressed in three:  
A tax? X I I.  
A flower? P N E.  
A plaintive poem? L E G.  
Words containing six and seven letters which can be expressed in two:  
A superfluity? X S.  
A species of pepper? K N.  
Words containing six and seven letters which can be expressed in three:  
A likeness? F E G.  
A state of being? N T T.  
To pardon. X Q Q.  
Dissolution? D C C.

### A Pessimist.

"Say, pop, what's a pessimist?"  
"A pessimist, my son, is one who of two evils chooses the bad."



## Some People Don't Care

anything about coal; but you do, and when it comes to the pass when you need fuel we would like to supply your wants. Have you any idea how many kinds of coal are mined? When you wish the all-to-the-good sort, order from

Raymond City  
Coal at \$3.75.

## EBNER

Ice and Cold Storage Co.  
PHONES NO. 4.



The Speed and Grace of a Greyhound with the strength and durability of a thoroughbred horse, are marked characteristics of the RACYCLE wheel. Built on the most scientific principles, backed by the best mechanical skill and experience, we present to the lovers of wheeling the most perfect type of bicycle construction.

Bicycles from \$20.00 to \$50.00.

W. A. Carter & Son



### BEAUTY and WISDOM

both demand that care and attention to the teeth which insures a charm to one's face and good health to the body. Modern dental methods have attained a skill based on scientific principles that rivals the perfection of Nature. The success achieved by DR. B. S. SHINNESS in the treatment of impaired teeth guarantees a perfect mouth to all who will apply.

### WANTED.

Every man to see our samples for Tailored Made Suits. We have some new imported patterns which are unusually attractive.

Ladies' and Gent's clothes cleaned and made to look like new. All work guaranteed.

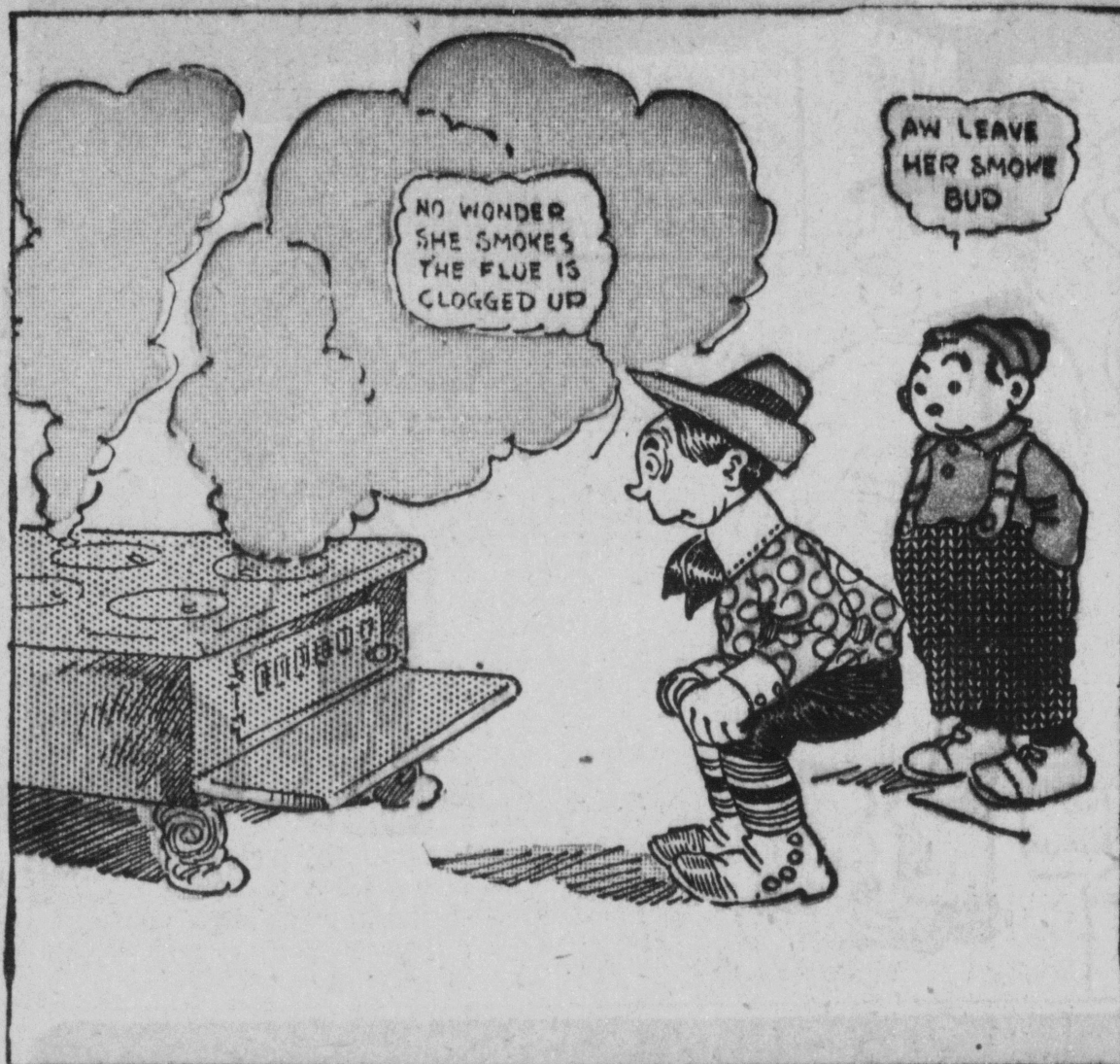
THE SEYMOUR TAILORS,  
F. SCIARRA, Prop.

## ANNA E. CARTER NOTARY PUBLIC

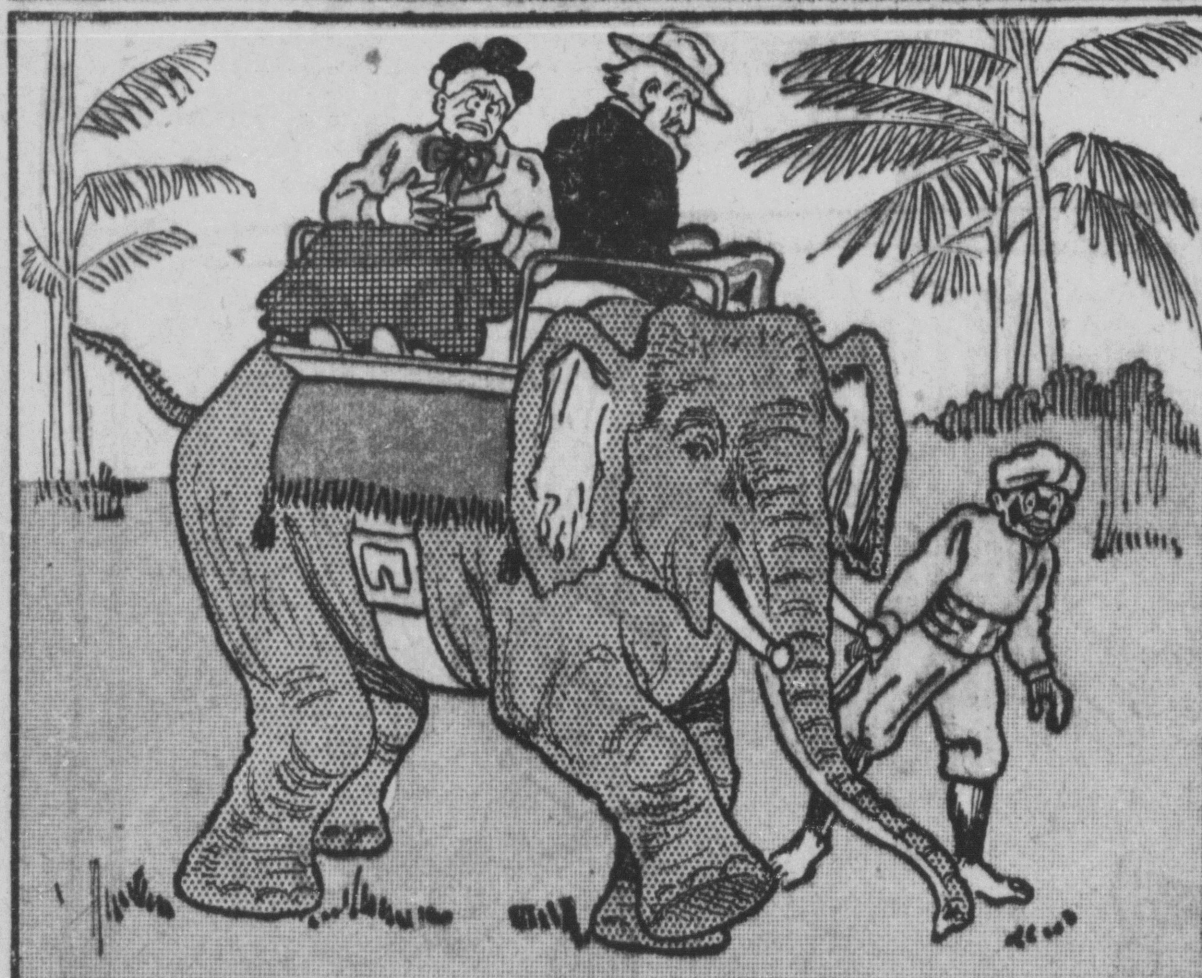
Pension Vouchers Filled Out.  
Office at the Daily REPUBLICAN office, 108 West Second Street.



# STOP! HOLD YOUR BREATH! HERE'S BUD SMITH!



## UNCLE DAN AND AUNT SALLY BEHOLD THE WONDERS OF AFRICA



AFRICA.—MY DEAR SON HIRAM: ME AND YOUR MAW THOUGHT WE WOULD TAKE A RIDE ON AN ELEPHANT. BUT WE GAVE IT UP. YOUR MAW SAID IT REMINDED HER OF THE BOAT SO MUCH.



WE STARTED TO WALK AROUND IN THE GRASS AND WE CAME ACROSS THE QUEEREST LOOKIN' LOG. I KICKED IT TO SEE IF IT WAS HOLLER.



THE FOOL THING STARTED TO MOVE AND SO DID ME AND MAW. WE DIDN'T RIDE BACK ON THE ELEPHANT. IT SLOW.





# SLEEPY SID HELPS KARL RESCUE A LONG LOST BROTHER

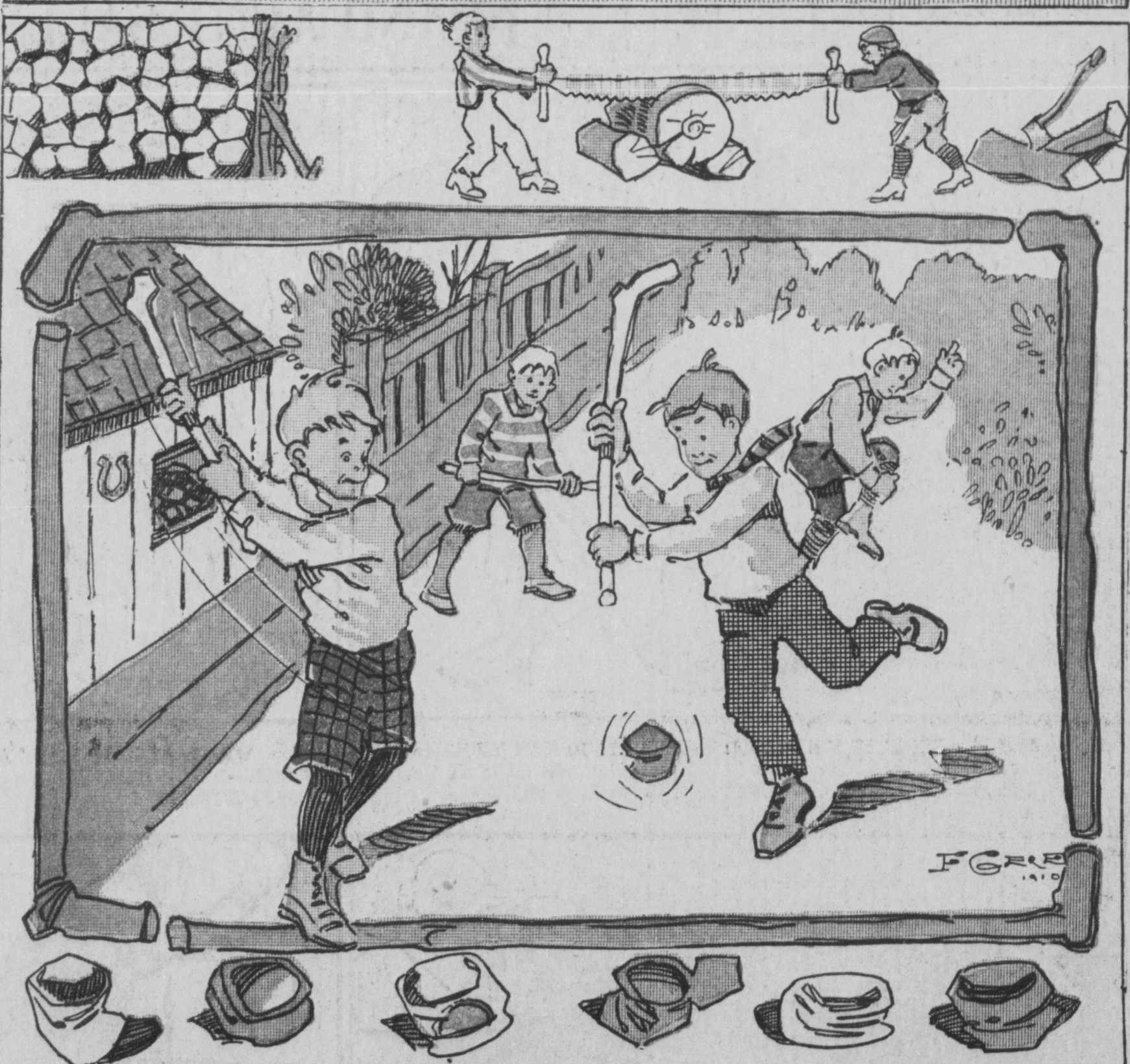


## ANNA BELLE'S BABY BROTHER'S NEW CLOTHES



Anna Belle's baby brother Harold is shown sewing suit and playthings. He shows them playing. He notices that some of her have been sick. Be good a just what mama or you and you will soon when you are don't forward tell Anna Belle about so glad to hear from know you are all right letter to Anna Belle, send some new ideas. Now, don't forget.

## JOHNNY'S SHINNY PROBLEM



Ever play shiny, boys? Yes? Well, here's an easy shiny problem for you to figure out. Now don't say you can't do it, for it's easy. Try and see. Johnny Jones is very fond of playing shiny and every afternoon he and a crowd of equally enthusiastic boys gather on a vacant lot and batter the poor old shiny can to their heart's content. But the problem—

Well, it's this: Suppose Johnny and five other boys are playing shiny and that, during the game each boy hits the tin can with his shiny stick a total force of 235 pounds. How many cords of wood could these boys chop with the same force if it requires a force of 282 pounds to chop one cord of wood? Then see if you can figure out how glad Johnny's father would be to see him sawing that wood? Can you?

Send your answers to this problem to "JOHNNY JONES," care of this paper.